APPENDIX 6: Appraisal of Publication Draft Local Plan Vision, Objectives and Policies

APPENDIX 6

Appraisal of Publication Draft Local Plan Vision, Objectives and Policies

The SA Framework has been used to appraise the following components of the Publication Plan:

- Vision and Strategic Development Objectives
- Core Policies,
- Thematic or non-core detailed development management policies; and
- Site allocations.

The assessment criteria used in the appraisal is shown in table 1 below.

Table 1: Sustainability appraisal assessment criteria

Assessment Score	Likely effect on the sustainability appraisal objective
++	Significant positive effect
+	Positive effect
N	Neutral effect
-	Negative effect
- -	Significant negative effect
~	No relationship or link - there is no clear relationship between the proposed option and the achievement of the objective.
U	Effect is uncertain or unknown, for example due to a lack of information.

PREDICTING THE EFFECTS OF THE PLAN

The Local Plan vision and strategic objectives are set out below, together with their appraisal against the SA Framework.

VISION

Through their passion for this special place, local people and businesses will keep the Yorkshire Dales National Park a thriving area. Its unique cultural landscape will be treasured for its stunning scenery, exceptional heritage and wonderful wildlife, and every year millions of people will be inspired to be part of it.

By 2040, it will be:

- **A distinctive, living, working, cultural landscape that tells the ongoing story of generations of people interacting with their environment.**
- **A friendly, open and welcoming place with outstanding opportunities to enjoy its special qualities.**
- **Home to the finest variety of wildlife in England.**
- **Resilient and responsive to the impacts of climate change, storing more carbon each year than it produces.**
- **Providing an outstanding range of benefits for the nation based on its natural resources, landscape and cultural heritage, which underpin a flourishing local economy.**
- **Home to strong, self-reliant and balanced communities with good access to the services they need.**

STRATEGIC DEVELOPMENT OBJECTIVES

1. Allow the **landscape** of the National Park to be responsive to change while at the same time conserving and enhancing its distinctive character.
2. Permit **locally-sustainable development** that will improve the National Park as a high quality place to live, work and visit.
3. Steer new development into **locations** near to existing services, which avoid the risk of flooding, which minimise avoidable greenhouse gas emissions and which have capacity to accommodate and benefit from it without harm to the Park's special qualities.
4. Identify sites and permit development of new **affordable housing** that will meet the needs of local communities, the economy and the long term objective of stabilising population decline and aging.
5. Encourage development that will support a growing, diverse and **resilient economy**, and which will help make the National Park a more attractive place for young adults and people of working age.
6. Protect existing jobs, homes and businesses and support measures to improve **access to services** for the benefit of local communities.
7. Support innovative, high-quality and more sustainable building and **design** that respects and complements the distinctive character of the National Park.
8. Ensure new development is designed to adapt to the **changing climate** and minimise avoidable carbon emissions.
9. Use the planning system to help deliver **nature recovery** through good quality design and protection from harmful development. Require new development to incorporate measures that will create 10% net gain for biodiversity and strengthen wildlife networks.
10. Use the Local Plan as a tool to help deliver some of the Management Plan objectives and the statutory **National Park purposes**.

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TABLE 2: APPRAISAL OF LOCAL PLAN VISION AND STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

Sustainability Appraisal Framework Objectives			VISION	STRATEGIC DEVELOPMENT OBJECTIVES (SDO)										Commentary of the effects of the Local Plan Strategic Development Objectives (SDO) on the Sustainability Objectives
				Objective 1	Objective 2	Objective 3	Objective 4	Objective 5	Objective 6	Objective 7	Objective 8	Objective 9	Objective 10	
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	++	+	N	+	N	N	N	N	+	+	+	A number of the SDO's seek to protect and/or enhance the landscape/habitats/wildlife. Whilst development has the potential to impact habitats, most development will be away from important species and habitats and appropriate safeguards will be in place through Local Plan policies.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	+	N	N	N	~	N	-	N	N	N	N	Impacts will mostly be neutral; however, quarries do provide employment and their decline may not protect existing jobs (SDO6).
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	+	N	N	-	-	-	N	N	+	+	Housing and employment relating development has the potential to cause detrimental impacts on the landscape, however appropriate safeguards can be put in place to minimise these. The location of new development sites are considered in terms of their impact on landscape sensitivity, with the most sensitive sites screened out at an early stage. Policy safeguards can help to ensure development is designed to fit well within its setting.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	+	+	N	+	N	N	N	N	N	+	+	Impacts will mostly be neutral, though a number of SDO's complement this objective by conserving the landscape / special qualities and steering development into appropriate places.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	+	~	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Impacts will mostly be neutral, though SDO3 seeks to steer new development into locations with existing services and capacity to accommodate and benefit from it. Policy safeguards will help to ensure there is adequate infrastructure to support development.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	+	~	+	N	-	-	N	N	N	N	+	The SDO's promoting new development have the potential for some negative effects on water quality, however these can be mitigated through appropriate policy safeguards.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	+	+	+	N/-	N/-	N	N	+	N	+	SDO7 will directly support this objective and a number of others are likely to have a positive effect.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	+	+	+	-	-	N/-	N/+	+	+	+	The SDO's promoting new development have the potential for some negative effects on this objective, however appropriate policy safeguards can be put in place to minimise these.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	+	N	N	N	-	-	N	N	N	N	+	The SDO's promoting new development have the potential for some negative effects on this objective, however appropriate policy safeguards can be put in place to minimise these, e.g. requiring appropriate assessments to be undertaken.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	N	N	N	-	-	N	+	N/-	N	+	The SDO's promoting new development have the potential for some negative effects on this objective, however appropriate policy safeguards can be put in place to minimise these, e.g. requiring appropriate assessments to be undertaken.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	+	+	N	N	N	N	++	N	+	+	SDO7 will directly support this objective and a number of others are likely to have a positive effect.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	N	+	SDO4 will directly support this objective and a number of others are likely to have a positive effect.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	N	N	~	+	SDO6 will directly support this objective and a number of others are likely to have a positive effect.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	N	N	+	A number of the SDO's relating to the development of new housing, employment uses and improvements to services will have a positive effect on this objective.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	+	~	N	N	+	+	+	N	~	~	N	The SDO's that will support the local community through new housing, the economy and improved services will have a positive effect on this objective as they will help to sustain a diverse community. The objective has no relationship / link to some of the more environmental based SDO's.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high-speed broadband.	+	N	N	+	+	+	+	~	N	N	+	The SDO's that will support new housing, the economy and improved services will have a positive effect on this objective. The objectives steer development towards existing services or will generate additional demand for improved mobile and broadband connectivity.

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Sustainability Appraisal Framework Objectives			VISION	STRATEGIC DEVELOPMENT OBJECTIVES (SDO)										Commentary of the effects of the Local Plan Strategic Development Objectives (SDO) on the Sustainability Objectives
				Objective 1	Objective 2	Objective 3	Objective 4	Objective 5	Objective 6	Objective 7	Objective 8	Objective 9	Objective 10	
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	The effects on this objective will mostly be neutral.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	N	+	N	N	N	N	+	+	N	+	Several SDO's are concerned with climate change, sustainable development and sustainable building and design. These will have direct or indirect positive effects on this objective. Whilst new development has the potential to increase energy use it will also be increasingly energy efficient in its design.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	N	+	N	N/+	N	N	+	+	N	+	SDO's that promote sustainable development/design and climate change/carbon emissions may have a positive effect on this objective.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	++	+	+	+	N/-	N/-	N	N/+	+	+	+	A number of the SDO's relate to climate change, nature recovery and promoting development in sustainable locations. These will have a positive effect on tis objective. Other SDO's will have a largely neutral effect.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	++	+	+	+	N	+	+	N	N	N	+	A number of the SDO's will have a positive impact on this objective given they promote development that will support sustainable tourism in a range of ways.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	++	+	+	N/+	N/+	N	N	N	N	N	+	A number of the SDO's will have a positive effect on this objective by improving the National Park's special qualities or by promoting development which may improve visitor experience.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	N	+	N	N	+	+	N	N	N	+	Those SDO's which support development that may benefit visitors, and which improve the special qualities of the National Park, will have a positive effect on this objective. Other SDO's will have a largely neutral effect
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	+	+	+	+	++	+	N	N	N	+	SDO5 will directly support this objective. A number of others will have a positive effect as they relate to development that will improve the National Park as a place to work (directly or indirectly) or they specifically relate to the economy, jobs, etc.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	+	+	++	N/+	N	N	N	+	N	+	SDO3 will directly support this objective as it seeks to steer development into locations near to existing services thereby helping to minimise travel and greenhouse gas emissions. Others will have a positive or neutral effect.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	+	+	+	N	N/+	+	N/+	N	N	N	+	Agriculture and land management are of key importance to the National Park and a number of the SDO's will have a positive effect on this objective where they relate to the landscape being responsive to change, employment and the economy, and Management Plan objectives.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	+	+	N	N	+	+	N	N	N	+	A number of the SDOs may have a positive impact on this objective particularly where they relate to the economy and employment. Objectives in the Management Plan (referred to in SDO10) seek to support sustainable farm businesses and opportunities for diversification.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	++	+	+	+	N/-	N/-	N	+	N/+	N /+	+	Whilst the SDO's supporting new housing and employment have the potential for some negative impacts on the special qualities of the National Park these will be capable of mitigation through policies in the Local Plan. Most SDO's will have a positive or neutral effect.

SUSTAINABILITY APPRAISAL OF LOCAL PLAN POLICIES

POLICY: CP1 - Sustainable Development

AIM: To encourage and support development that is positive and sustainable in the context of the local area and national planning policy.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria; one of which is improving biodiversity by enhancing habitat and species or creating new priority habitat.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	N	The policy in itself will not reduce large scale extraction but does seek to encourage development that is sustainable.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria; which includes conserving or enhancing landscape character through use of high quality design, appropriate landscaping and removal of unsightly development.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	+	Whilst geodiversity is not referred to specifically within the policy, it does seek to safeguard geomorphology and natural processes. Development would be deemed to be unsustainable if it reduced the diversity and quality of the natural landscapes and habitat, or reduced the quality of soil, flow of rivers, watercourses, etc
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria including enhancing water quality and conserving water resources.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria including enhancing water quality and conserving water resources'
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria. Within the policy sustainable development avoids areas at risk of flooding and is resilient and responsive to the impacts of climate change.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	This policy includes criteria against which development proposals will be deemed to be unsustainable. Development proposals would be deemed to be unsustainable if it would reduce the quality of the air and reduce the special qualities of the National Park such as its areas of tranquillity or the darkness of it night skies.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria; which includes conserving or enhancing the historical environment and helping secure a sustainable future for assets at risk.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria including conserving or enhancing the historical environment and helping secure a sustainable future for assets at risk.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria. To meet this criteria development must contribute positively to the built environment by having regard to site context and the National Park Design Guide; and conserve or enhance landscape character through use of high quality design, appropriate landscaping and removal of unsightly development.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria. Development will be deemed to be unsustainable if it reduces the supply of housing to meet the needs of the area.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria. Development will be sustainable if it improves or retains existing services, infrastructure and facilities.

	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria. Development will be sustainable if it makes the National Park a desirable place to live, work and visit; improves or retains existing services, infrastructure and facilities; directs development to the more sustainable locations, and encourages mixed uses. Development will be deemed to be unsustainable if it reduces the health and well-being of local communities.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	~	No direct impact/effect from this policy.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria. Development will be deemed to be sustainable if it improves or retains existing services, infrastructure and facilities.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria. This includes making better use of existing buildings, avoiding their demolition and reducing waste and greenhouse gas emissions.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria. This includes reducing waste and greenhouse gas emissions through improved energy efficiency, development of renewable energy and quality design
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria. This includes reducing waste and greenhouse gas emissions through improved energy efficiency, development of renewable energy and quality design
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria. This includes reducing waste and greenhouse gas emissions through improved energy efficiency, development of renewable energy and quality design
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Any tourism related development proposals will need to support the achievement of sustainable development in accordance with the criteria in this policy.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria. This includes improving public access to, and enjoyment of, the National Park's Special Qualities.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	~	No direct impact/effect from this policy.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria. This includes expanding or making better use of the residential housing stock and workplaces; and encouraging mixed uses. Development will be deemed to be unsustainable if it reduces the strength and diversity of the local economy.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria. This includes directing development to the more sustainable locations in compliance with the Plans' spatial strategy; reducing the need to travel and develops new infrastructure of benefit to communities and improves access to public transport.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	+	Supports the achievement of this objective in a sustainable way.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Supports the achievement of this objective in a sustainable way?
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	This policy defines sustainable development as achieving or not prejudicing the achievement of a number of criteria, many of which contribute the conservation and enhancement of the special qualities of the National Park.
Summary: Unsurprisingly, this policy performs well against almost all of the criteria.				

APPENDIX 6

POLICY: CP2 – NATIONAL PARK PURPOSES

AIM: To avoid development that will significantly conflict with the statutory National Park purposes.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	++	The National Park is home to a number of internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats. One of the National Park purposes specifically seeks to conserve and enhance the areas natural beauty and wildlife and this purpose is always given the greatest weight.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	N	The policy in itself will not reduce large scale extraction, however reducing extraction would be in line with National Park purposes.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	One of the National Park purposes specifically seeks to conserve and enhance the areas natural beauty and cultural heritage and this purpose is always given the greatest weight.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	+	National Park purposes seek to conserve and enhance the natural beauty, wildlife and cultural heritage of the Park and these are related to the Park's geodiversity.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	Impact will be minimal.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	Impact will be minimal.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	Impact will likely be minimal.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	One of the National Park purposes specifically seeks to conserve and enhance the areas natural beauty, wildlife and cultural heritage and this purpose is always given the greatest weight.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	+	One of the National Park purposes specifically seeks to conserve and enhance the areas natural beauty, wildlife and cultural heritage and this purpose is always given the greatest weight.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	One of the National Park purposes specifically seeks to conserve and enhance the areas natural beauty, wildlife and cultural heritage and this purpose is always given the greatest weight.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	One of the National Park purposes specifically seeks to conserve and enhance the areas natural beauty, wildlife and cultural heritage and this purpose is always given the greatest weight.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	N	Impact will be minimal, but the policy will support the statutory duty to support the economic and social development needs of the area.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	N	Impact will be minimal, but the policy will support the statutory duty to support the economic and social development needs of the area
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	N	Impact will be minimal, but the policy will support the statutory duty to support the economic and social development needs of the area
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	+	Pursuit of National Park purposes provides an additional outlet for governance, and encourage participation in events and activities within the National Park.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	Impact will be minimal.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	N	Impact will be minimal.

Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	N	Impact will be minimal
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	-	Conserving the Park could frustrate large scale renewable energy schemes as they have the potential to harm the landscape.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N	Impact will be minimal
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	National Park purposes support sustainable tourism
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	++	The second National Park purpose seeks to do just this. Only where a development proposal will cause a conflict between the two purposes will greater weight be given to the purpose of conserving and enhancing the natural beauty, wildlife and cultural heritage of the area (the first purpose).
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	Pursuit of the National Park purposes will help to deliver this objective by conserving and enhancing the Park and promoting opportunities for understanding and enjoying the it's special qualities.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	-	Environmental restrictions in pursuit of the Park's purposes may limit the options available to grow the economy compared to non-protected landscapes.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+ -	Conserving areas of the Park might mean sub-optimal decisions in terms of connectivity and access to public transport. However, improved transport/connectivity and reduced emissions will promote opportunities for the understanding and enjoyment of the Special Qualities of the National Park.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	+ -	There is potential for conflict between conserving the Park and external pressures on land management. Positively, National Park designation has generally had the effect of bringing more public money into farming.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	National Park purposes will support agriculture appropriate to the environmental qualities of the area.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	++	Pursuing the purposes will deliver this objective.
Summary: Supporting development that will help deliver the statutory National Park purposes will have mostly positive or minimal impacts on the Sustainability Objectives. The main positive effects will unsurprisingly be on the environmental objectives and those promoting public enjoyment and understanding and conservation of special qualities.				

POLICY: CP3 – Spatial Strategy and Housing Target

AIM: To direct development into the better connected and more sustainable locations, unless there is a special justification for location elsewhere.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+	The spatial strategy will tend to direct development away from protected habitat in favour of settlement edge and allocated sites. Site allocations have been screened considering proximity to designated sites in the HRA.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	+	The strategy will prevent large new quarries but will permit continued extraction within existing quarry boundaries and subject to delivery of long term environmental benefits, mitigation of impacts and reduced amounts of road haulage.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	By focusing development into existing developed landscapes, and ensuring development will be limited to a scale that is appropriate to settlement character and function, impacts will be minimised.

	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	+	The spatial strategy will generally avoid areas where there are important geological and geomorphological features.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	+	The strategy will concentrate new development in areas with existing infrastructure including water supplies and mains treatment.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	+	The strategy will concentrate new development in areas with existing infrastructure including water supplies and mains treatment.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	The strategy will concentrate new development in areas known to be at low risk of flooding and that are not vulnerable to storm damage. Consideration of the Strategic Flood Risk Assessment has formed an important part of the site identification process.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	Emissions of new light and noise are likely to be restricted in areas of greatest sensitivity.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	Concentring development on the edge of settlements may increase conflict with below ground remains of former settlements. Archaeological sensitivity of allocation sites has been considered as part of the SHLAA. Risks can be mitigated by undertaking relevant investigations and recording findings as appropriate (Policy AB1).
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	-	There is the potential for conflict with heritage assets on the edge of existing settlements. The sensitivity of sites in relation to above ground archaeology has been considered as part of the SHLAA and the site allocation process. Risks can be mitigated by undertaking relevant assessments (Policy AB1,2 and 3).
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	The spatial strategy will focus development away from isolated locations.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	The spatial strategy should provide sufficient opportunity for a good range of new homes in terms of target (numbers) and choice of allocated and windfall sites but will also potentially reduce site options compared with no spatial strategy or less restrictive strategies
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	New development will be focussed on sites located within or adjacent to Local Service Centres and large service villages, thereby supporting existing services. New retail and commercial development will be permitted in primary retail high streets in 3 of the Local Service Centres to help maintain footfall and viability of high street services.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	The strategy will reinforce existing community vitality by placing people near existing communities and services. The housing target seeks to address the projected decline in population and will meet local need - providing opportunity for more working aged groups and families to live in the Park, supporting local employment opportunities and maintaining key services, etc.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	+	New development is intended to maintain/increase the population and thereby support existing democratic systems and increase the possibility of participation.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	+	Focusing development in existing settlements with existing infrastructure should make it easier to supply broadband and mobile services.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+	Waste is likely to be concentrated and therefore easier to manage in the places where it is already generated.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	Focussing development in proximity to existing services and people should reduce energy use compared to development in more isolated/sporadic locations.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	Minimal impact.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	Resilience to the effects of climate change is likely to be more effective close to existing populations. Locating new development close to existing settlements and services can help to reduce travel and emissions which contribute to further changes in the climate.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Focusing development into settlements with services and existing tourism sites is likely to help sustainability.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	N	Minimal effect on this objective
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	Minimal effect on this objective

Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	Policy allows the expansion of existing businesses and the development of new ones on particular sites/locations to help grow the local economy. Focusing development into settlements should be more beneficial in terms of demand for goods and services but offers less flexibility than a zero spatial strategy would.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	Locating development near existing communities is likely to better connect to public transport and existing transport networks
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	+	The spatial strategy recognises the specific locational needs of agriculture.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	The spatial strategy supports development/diversification of farm based enterprise.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	Focusing development into existing settlements should more generally safeguard the special qualities of the National Park.
Summary: This policy scores positively against many of the objectives. Negative impacts may occur in relation to above and below ground archaeology and other heritage assets, however safeguards can be put in place to ensure potential impacts are properly considered and appropriately mitigated (see policies relating to Archaeology and Built Heritage)I;80po.				

POLICY: CP4 – Flood Risk

AIM: To steer development away from areas at risk of flooding. To scrutinise and manage risk in situations where development must be located in an area that may be at risk of flooding.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+	Avoiding future flood damage to properties and infrastructure should reduce potential pollution and other downstream issues to protected habitats
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	Avoiding development in flood risk areas may reduce development on prominent sites. Avoiding the need for artificial flood protection measures may also help safeguard the landscape .
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	+	Avoiding intervention will help foster natural processes eg. river courses
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	+	Avoiding flood risk areas will help protect water supplies and water treatment
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	+	Avoiding flood risk areas will help protect water supplies and water treatment
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	++	The policy seeks to deliver this objective.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	N	Minimal impact overall, may be beneficial links to this objective on some sites.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	Minimal impact overall, may be beneficial links to this objective on some sites.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	N	Minimal impact overall, may be beneficial links to this objective on some sites.

	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N	Minimal impact overall. Avoiding the need for artificial flood protection measures may help achieve a better design in some instances.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	-	Restricting development in flood risk areas will reduce options for new housing development.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	Avoiding locations within flood risk areas should make them more accessible in severe weather.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Preventing development in flood risk areas will safeguard communities.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	~	No relationship or link
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	~	No relationship or link
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	~	No relationship or link
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	~	No relationship or link
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	~	No relationship or link
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	Flood risk is currently the main threat to the Park from climate change and therefore an important part of adaptation. Avoiding flood risk areas will make development more resilient to come aspects of climate change.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Avoiding development in flood risk areas should help retain confidence in the area as a visitor destination and make it more resilient to the impact of adverse, wet weather.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Avoidance of development and resilience to flood risk will help maintain public access and enjoyment of the National Park
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	~	No relationship or link
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	In general, avoiding development in flood risk areas should help safeguard the economy and make it more resilient to climate change.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	-	The ability to do this efficiently/effectively may be affected by the restriction on development in flood risk areas
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	+	Flood mitigation is a potential land management use
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Flood mitigation is a potential land management use and could provide diversification opportunities.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	Avoiding development in flood risk areas and increasing resilience to flooding should help support National Park purposes
Summary: This policy has a positive impact on most of the objectives (where there is a relationship/link) as it will help to protect the environment of the National Park and could provide opportunities for the agricultural sector. It may however restrict the location of new development, where apart from flood risk it might otherwise be suitable.				

APPENDIX 6

POLICY: CP5 – Sustainable Drainage – Foul and Surface Water

AIM: To safeguard the water environment from contamination that would reduce its quality. To ensure that new development provides for the sustainable management and separation of foul water treatment from surface water disposal.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+	This policy seeks to reduce the risk of flooding and pollution events which could be harmful to species and habitats. It promotes Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS) incorporating wildlife enhancements to create new green infrastructure and encourages other improvements to the water environment on development sites.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	Landscape enhancements could be achieved through the delivery of Sustainable Drainage schemes. Reducing the risk of flooding caused by new development will help to protect the landscape.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	+	Maintaining/slowing surface water run off rates and reducing pollutants and pollution incidents will help safeguard geodiversity.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	++	This policy promotes the sustainable management of foul and surface water associated with new development.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	+	This policy promotes the separation of foul and surface water discharges which will help to reduce pollution events. It also requires that opportunities to remove pollutants from run-off at source should be taken.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	The policy requires development to designed to maximise the retention of surface water run-off on site. Run-off rates on development sites should ultimately be better or result on no-net increase in run-off rates.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	~	Deals with pollution of the water environment.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	Policy would apply to sites with below ground archaeology but with minimal likely effect on the achievement of this objective.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	N	Policy would apply to sites with above ground archaeology but with minimal likely effect on the achievement of this objective.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	The design of SuDS have the potential to enhance the natural environment within developments.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	Policy should support the achievement of this objective.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	~	No relationship or link
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	~	No relationship or link
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	~	No relationship or link
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	~	No relationship or link

Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+	Policy promotes the separate drainage of foul and surface water to help reduce pollution events and adequately deal with waste water.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	~	No relationship or link
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	~	No relationship or link
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	This policy will help to slow surface water-run off and discharges and help to reduce the risk of flooding. This will help to increase resilience to climate change.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	N	Minimal impact but will ensure waste water from tourism development is dealt with is a sustainable way.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	The policy will support this objective in so far as it will reduce the risk of flooding and pollution events that could otherwise be caused by new development in the Park.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	~	No relationship or link
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	N	Policy would apply to employment sites/business proposals but with no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	~	No relationship or link
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	~	No relationship or link
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	~	No relationship or link
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	The policy will help to reduce flood risk from new development and so help to conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.
Summary: Sustainable drainage will have a positive impact on environmental objectives in particular. It will help to ensure that new development (housing, tourism, etc) is sustainable from a waste water perspective.				

POLICY: CP6 - Design

AIM: To ensure that new development is of a standard that conserves and enhances the special qualities of the National Park, contributes to a low carbon future, maintains high amenity standards for its users and neighbours and contributes to nature recovery.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	N	Minimal overall impact, though the policy does promote local carbon development and new ecological features which could help to safeguard species and habitats.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	Policy advocates that developments should consider the landscape context of the site and should be complementary to their surroundings and contribute to / re-inforce local distinctiveness and sense of place.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	Minimal effect on this objective.

Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	+	The policy promotes water harvesting and reuse.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	Minimal effect on this objective
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	Design should make provision for reducing downstream flooding, e.g. through water harvesting, incorporating new trees, etc, and increasing adaptation to climate change
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	The policy addresses amenity issues so designs should development proposals should have regard to minimising these emissions
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	Minimal effect on this objective
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	The policy addresses context and local distinctiveness so development proposals should have regard to conserving heritage.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	++	The policy directly seek to deliver this objective.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	- / +	A full range of housing types may not be possible against this policy which has regard to local distinctiveness, however it will promote the quality of development in terms of its design, safety, amenity and accessibility.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	Policy will contribute to some improvement in amenity related services. New housing schemes over a certain size will make provision for a local play areas.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Good design contributes to the creation of attractive, connected, well-functioning and vibrant places and communities.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	Minimal overall effect on this objective
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	~	No relationship or link
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+	The policy promotes the minimisation of waste and use and reuse of local materials.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	The policy promotes designs that maximise energy efficiency.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	The policy promotes low carbon development that is designed to minimise greenhouse gas emissions and maximise energy efficiency.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	The policy promotes low carbon development that is designed to minimise greenhouse gas emissions and maximise energy efficiency. Applicants will need to explain what methods are being employed to make their proposed development resilient to current and anticipated climate impacts.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	High quality, forward looking design should maintain the attractiveness of the park for visitors Any new tourism developments will need to demonstrate low carbon and climate resilient credentials in accordance with this policy
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Well-designed development should promote enjoyment of the Park
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	Minimal effect on this objective
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	N	Minimal effect on this objective

Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	All development proposals should minimise greenhouse gases connecting to public transport routes, nearby footpaths, trails and access areas to maximise active travel.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	~	No relationship or link
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	N	Minimal overall effect on this objective, though any well-designed new development associated with farm diversification schemes will contribute to the character and local distinctiveness of the National Park.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	Well-designed development will contribute to the character and local distinctiveness of the National Park.
Summary: The multi-faceted design policy will impact positively on a wide range of sustainability indicators.				

POLICY: CP7 – Energy Requirements

AIM: To enable the National Park's communities and businesses to meet their energy needs from zero or low carbon sources in a manner compatible with the Park's special qualities.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+	Proposals for renewable and low carbon and energy proposals will not be allowed if there was a detrimental impact on important species and habitats. Appropriate low carbon and energy proposals can help to address climate change and the negative impact this can have on species and habitat.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	There is the potential for small scale impacts on local landscape from renewal and low carbon energy schemes. Landscape impact assessments can be undertaken to hep understand potential impacts.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	Minimal impact.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	~	No relationship or link
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	~	No relationship or link
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	~	No relationship or link
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	Potential for some small-scale localised noise impacts from turbines and pumps. Assessments can be undertaken to understand these effects.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	Potential for some localised impacts from pipelines and connecting wires and other infrastructure. Risks can be mitigated by undertaking relevant investigations and recording findings as appropriate.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	-	Potential for some localised impacts from pipelines and connecting wires and other infrastructure. Energy efficiency measures may harm heritage assets. Appropriate assessments will need to undertaken to understand potential impact and other policies will help to provide safeguards, e.g. CP6: Design.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	_	Design quality may be limited by the technology.

Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	Renewable energy may help reduce the cost of living and make housing more affordable.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	~	No relationship or link
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Renewable energy sources may help to combat fuel poverty which in turn will improve rural community sustainability.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	~	No relationship or link
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	~	No relationship or link
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	~	No relationship or link
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	This policy will support this objective by supporting proposals for renewable and low carbon energy.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	This policy will support this objective by supporting proposals for renewable and low carbon energy.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	This policy will support this objective by supporting proposals for renewable and low carbon energy.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Renewable and low carbon energy can help to make tourism businesses more sustainable.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	~	No relationship or link
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	Whilst visitors may come to expect an increasing use in renewable energy, there is no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	Renewable energy may reduce energy costs and thereby make business more efficient and resilient. It may also provide new economic opportunities.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	~	No relationship or link
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	+	Renewable energy could provide a source of income and help lower business costs.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Renewable energy could provide a source of income and help lower business costs.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	-	There is the potential for small scale impacts on some landscapes
Summary: This policy has the potential for negative effects in relation to the landscape, heritage and therefore some of the special qualities of the National Park. The policy aim does stress however that measures would need to be compatible with the Park's special qualities. The policy score positively against the climate change objectives and against some social and economic objectives by potentially reducing energy costs for households and businesses.				

APPENDIX 6

POLICY: CP8 – Landscape Character

AIM: To ensure that new development does not harm the distinctive landscapes of the National Park.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+	By protecting landscape character this policy is likely to have a positive impact on existing habitats.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	+	This policy will help prevent large scale new quarrying activity.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	++	This is the objective of this policy.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	+	This policy specifically seeks to conserve and enhance the Park's landscape characteristics and features which are an essential part of its geodiversity.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	~	No relationship or link
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	~	No relationship or link
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	Minimal effect overall, however, conserving landscape character may minimise development in exposed flood risk areas.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	Light and noise pollution are considered by the policy within the definition of perceptual qualities/features of the landscape. The policy will consider whether a proposal will conserve and enhance these.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	+	The policy will consider whether a proposal will conserve or enhance landscape character and special qualities, including its impact upon the cultural heritage and historic landscape character.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	The policy will consider whether a proposal will conserve or enhance landscape character and special qualities, including its impact upon the cultural heritage and historic landscape character.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	Consideration of landscape character and the special qualities of the National Park in development proposals should help to drive high standards of design.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	-	High landscape protection standards may limit the range and type of new housing available eg. Multi-storey development.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	~	No relationship or link
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	N	Minimal overall impact.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	~	No relationship or link
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	-	Maintaining high landscape standards may make it slightly more difficult to find solutions for broadband and mobile signal coverage.

Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	~	No relationship or link
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	~	No relationship or link
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	-	High landscape standards will tend to limit certain renewable energy solutions such as large wind turbines or solar energy parks.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	~	No relationship or link
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	High standards of landscape protection are likely to maintain the attractiveness of the area to visitors
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Conservation and enhancement of the landscape character will maintain qualities that the public cherish and enjoy about the area eg. views, barns and walls and tranquillity.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	~	No relationship or link
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	-	There is the potential for some conflict with the scale or form of some types of new business development if they would have a significant effect on landscape character.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	-	There is the potential for some conflict with the optimal location of development in relation to bus, train or active travel networks and impact on landscape character.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	-	There is the potential for some possible tensions if changes in land management and associated development would have an impact on landscape character e.g. afforestation.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	- N	Agriculture that is appropriate to the existing landscape character will be acceptable, however, certain types of farm diversification have the potential to be locally challenging.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	++	This is the objective of this Core Policy.
Summary: This policy has positive impacts on many of the environmental and heritage objectives as it seeks to prevent harm to the landscape of the National Park. It has the potential to impact negatively on some of the social and economic objectives by potentially restricting or preventing development where it could be harmful to the landscape and environmental qualities of the Park.				

POLICY: CP9 – Biodiversity Net Gain

AIM: To ensure that new development will deliver biodiversity net gain and to try to target enhancement at the creation, improvement and resilience of priority habitat within the Ecological Network.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+	The objective of this policy is to enhance biodiversity which should also strengthen existing habitats and species.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	This policy could deliver landscape enhancements by improving existing and creating new habitats.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	Impact will likely be minimal.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	~	No relationship or link.

	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	~	No relationship or link.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	Biodiversity enhancement may have a small positive effect on surface water runoff e.g. new tree planting, etc
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	New planting can help to mitigate noise and light emissions and can help to improve air quality.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	Minimal impact on this objective. However, additional tree planting will need to consider and avoid disturbance of below ground remains.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	N	Minimal overall impact on this objective.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	If used as part of an appropriate landscaping scheme net gain could soften new development and raise its quality for users
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	N	Minimal impact on the achievement of this objective.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	~	No relationship or link.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	~	No relationship or link.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	~	No relationship or link.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	~	No relationship or link.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	~	No relationship or link.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	~	No relationship or link.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	~	No relationship or link.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	Planting and habitat creation will help mitigate emissions and adapt biodiversity to a changing climate
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Net gain should support and enhance the qualities of the National Park that attract visitors
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Net gain should enhance habitats and wildlife and improve opportunities for public enjoyment.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	Minimal impact on this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	~	No relationship or link.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking,	~	No relationship or link.

		minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.		
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	+	Net gain complements the changes towards a more nature friendly land management regime/land stewardship and potentially offers a source of finance to help facilitate this (by selling biodiversity units).
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Net gain may provide opportunities to support farm diversification by selling biodiversity units.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	++	Net gain should support wildlife conservation and help to conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.
Summary: This policy has the potential to have positive impact on environmental objectives and, those relating to the enjoyment and understanding of the Park (by facilitating improvements to nature) and to agriculture (potential source of new income?) The policy has no relationship to a large number of objectives.				

POLICY: CP10 – Major Development

AIM: To steer national infrastructure and very large-scale development away from sites within or adjacent to the National Park, that would otherwise cause permanent harm to its protected landscape or other special qualities.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+	The presumption against major development within or adjacent to the National Park should help avoid damage to habitat and species.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	+	The policy presumes against the development of large new quarries but does permit continued working within existing quarry boundaries
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	++	This is one of the objectives of the Policy
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	+	Control over major scale development is likely to be beneficial for safeguarding geodiversity
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	~	No relationship or link
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	+	This policy will reduce potential risk to water quality as a result of major development. Consideration of a major development proposal would need to be informed by an Environmental Impact Assessment in order to fully understand the likely impact and risks.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	Minimal effect on this objective overall.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	This policy will reduce the risk of emissions from major development.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	+	This policy will tend to prevent impact on archaeology by limiting major development.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	This policy will tend to prevent impact on heritage assets by limiting major development.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	~	No relationship or link. This policy seeks to steer large scale development away from sites within or adjacent to the National Park.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	-	A negative effect on housing supply since the test of major development will exclude the Park from large scale comprehensive housing development and new settlements.

	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	N -	Overall effect on this objective is likely to be minimal, although some major development could improve access to some services.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	-	Depending on the type of major development the policy might prevent large scale economic development that could otherwise support community well-being.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	~	No relationship or link.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	~	No relationship or link.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+	Major development would likely greatly increase waste.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	Major development would be likely to greatly increase demand for energy.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	-	The policy would prevent major renewables development.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+ -	Major development is likely to generate climate emissions and potentially be vulnerable to the effects of climate change in the Park. Equally though major development could also inject significant resources to adapt to climate change.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Major development could the landscape and special qualities of the Park which in turn could be harmful to tourism.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Major development could risk the special qualities of the National Park which people come to enjoy.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	~	No relationship or link.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	-	This policy may prevent major development proposals which could help to grow the local economy.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+ -	Major development has the potential to be either be harmful or beneficial in relation to transport.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	~	No relationship or link.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	-	The restrictive policy will prevent major diversification projects
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	++	The policy is intended to conserve the existing qualities of the National Park
Summary: This policy generally has a positive impact on the environmental objectives, by protecting the National Park from large scale development within or just outside its boundary. Such development could bring benefits to the community and the economy and climate change (large scale renewables), and so scores negatively against these types of objectives.				

INFRASTRUCTURE, ACCESS & CONNECTIVITY

POLICY: AC1- Infrastructure needed to support development

AIM: To ensure that new development is adequately supported by appropriate infrastructure.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	In line with the spatial strategy, development will generally be focussed in places with existing infrastructure, however there is the potential for negative effects. Policy AC2 will help to safeguard against potential negative impacts on important species and habitats.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	N	Minimal overall effect.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	Infrastructure to support new development has the potential for some localised landscape impacts. This can be mitigated by appropriate screening, etc.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	-	Infrastructure has the potential for some impact on the Park's geodiversity.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	+	This policy requires that such infrastructure is provided/available to support new development.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	+	This policy will help to achieve this objective by ensuring the necessary water related infrastructure exists to support new development.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	Whilst this policy will not prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas per se, it will ensure that any new development has appropriate drainage infrastructure to prevent it contributing to downstream flood risk.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	In line with the spatial hierarchy, development will generally be focussed / located near to existing infrastructure minimising the risk of harmful new emissions. Where there is the potential for harmful new emissions, these will be considered under other policies, including L6 (Dark Night Skies), CP6 (Design) and AC2 (New and improved infrastructure).
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	New infrastructure has the potential to have some impact on below ground archaeology. Where this potential exists there will need to be an assessment of the significance of the assets in line with policy AB1.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	-	New infrastructure has the potential to have some impact on above ground archaeology. Where this potential exists there will need to be an assessment of the significance of the assets in line with policy AB1.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N	There is no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective. The design of any new/improved infrastructure will be guided by policy CP5: Design.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	This policy will help to facilitate new housing by ensuring the infrastructure is there to support it.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	The policy aims to ensure there is adequate infrastructure including schools, etc, to support new development.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	The policy aims to do this by providing the infrastructure to support new development.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	~	No relationship or link.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	+	The policy will support this objective.

Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	~	No relationship or link.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	In line with the spatial hierarchy, development will generally be focussed / located near to existing infrastructure. Making better use of existing services should generally be more efficient.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	New infrastructure to support development may include renewable energy generation.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N	Minimal effect.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Making use of existing infrastructure and requiring new infrastructure where necessary can help support sustainable tourism.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Requiring development to be supported by appropriate infrastructure such as broadband and mobile signals, rights of way, parking, etc, will help with this objective.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	**+**	Policy will ensure new development which responds to changing patterns pf visitors is supported by adequate infrastructure.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	This policy will support the growth of existing and new enterprises and the economy by ensuring infrastructure is there to support it as appropriate.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	Requiring adequate infrastructure will, in general, reinforce the spatial strategy and potentially support improvements to public transport through an increase in potential users.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	~	No relationship or link.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	N	Minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	N	Minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
Summary: This policy will generally have a positive effect on community and economic objectives, There is the potential for negative effects on environmental and heritage based objectives, though other policies within the plan will provide safeguards.				

POLICY: AC2 – New and improved infrastructure

AIM: To support the development of new infrastructure that will increase the quality of life for those living, working or visiting the National Park, while protecting the area's Special Qualities.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**		**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	N		Policy will only allow new and improved infrastructure where it can be demonstrated that it will not result in significant adverse impact on features of ecological value or harm the wider landscape character. Environmental evidence will be provided to support decision making where required. When infrastructure is no longer required, the policy states that it should be removed. Impact is therefore expected to be negligible.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	N	-	Proposals for new or improved infrastructure that would support/enable the continued extraction of aggregate materials from existing quarries would be considered against this policy. Where negative impacts cannot be fully mitigated, the policy would balance the potential negative impacts and benefits associated with the proposals.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-		There may be some minor impacts from the delivery of new or improved infrastructure but the policy dictates that these should be minimised. Impacts will need to be justified on the balance of supporting environmental evidence, public benefits, etc.

	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	-	Infrastructure has the potential for some impact on the Park's geodiversity. This policy seeks to ensure that any negative impacts are minimised.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	+	This policy could facilitate improved water supply and treatment facilities
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	+	This policy will help to achieve this objective by facilitate new infrastructure that can enhance water quality and help to reduce pollution incidents.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	Whilst this policy will not prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas per se, it could facilitate new infrastructure to mitigate flood risk.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	N	In line with the spatial hierarchy, development will generally be focussed / located near to existing infrastructure minimising the risk of harmful new emissions. Where there is the potential for harmful new emissions, these will be considered under policies L6 (Dark Night Skies), CP6 (Design). The overall impact is therefore likely to be minimal.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	New or improved infrastructure has the potential to have some impact on below ground archaeology. Under this policy, proposals will need to demonstrate minimal harmful impacts on, for example, landscape character, and show they will not result in significant adverse impact on features of archaeological or historical interest. Where this potential exists there will need to be an assessment of the significance of the assets in line with policy AB1.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	-	New or improved infrastructure has the potential to have some impact on above ground archaeology. Under this policy, proposals will need to demonstrate minimal harmful impacts on, for example, landscape character, and show they will not result in significant adverse impact on features of archaeological or historical interest. Where this potential exists there will need to be an assessment of the significance of the assets in line with policy AB1.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N	There is no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective. Proposals and siting's that would have a potential visual or other impact will need to be justified under this policy. The design of any new/improved infrastructure will be guided by policy CP6: Design.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	A supportive policy for new/improved infrastructure should also help support the delivery of a wider range of new housing which will meet local need.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	This is the objective of this policy.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Providing new and improved infrastructure is likely to support this objective.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	~	No relationship or link.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	+	The policy will support this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	~	No relationship or link.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	New infrastructure has the potential to reduce energy use, e.g. good digital infrastructure can enable homeworking opportunities, promote access to online services, support smart utilities management and electric car charging, etc
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	New infrastructure supported through this policy may include renewable energy generation.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	Infrastructure provision has the potential to improve climate resilience and support the transition to a low carbon future, for example, through rail improvements, flood defences, better digital infrastructure
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	New and improved infrastructure can help support sustainable tourism.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Providing new and improved infrastructure such as broadband and mobile signals, rights of way, parking, etc, will help with this objective.

	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	Appropriate new infrastructure could help support this objective, for example better access to digital services/information may be expected by the increasing numbers of young people to the National Park.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	This policy will support the growth of existing and new enterprises and the economy by ensuring infrastructure is there to support it as appropriate.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	Policy seeks to support the development of infrastructure in locations which minimise harm and which will improve access to services.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	~	No relationship or link.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	N	Minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	The policy provides for landscape and ecological safeguards and the removal of redundant infrastructure.
Summary: This policy will generally have a positive effect on community and economic objectives, There is the potential for negative effects on environmental and heritage based objectives, though other policies within the plan will provide safeguards.				

POLICY: AC3 – Active and Sustainable Travel

AIM: To promote active travel, health and connectivity.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	There is the potential some minor conflict with this objective through the promotion of active travel which may increase the use of the path and trail network.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	Potential for damage from the increase use of footpaths/bridleways though policy safeguards are in place.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	Minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	~	No relationship or link.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	~	No relationship or link.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	~	No relationship or link.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	Making better use of active travel may reduce emissions of noise, light and vehicle emissions from the highways network.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	~	No relationship or link.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	~	No relationship or link.

	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	~	No relationship or link.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	~	No relationship or link.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	This policy will improve people's ability to move around the National Park.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	N	Minimal effect, though the policy will improve people's ability to move around the National Park.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	~	No relationship or link.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	~	No relationship or link.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	~	No relationship or link.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	Active travel will reduce energy use in vehicles.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	~	No relationship or link.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	Active and sustainable travel will reduce emissions and help improve resilience to climate change.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Active and sustainable travel support and complements sustainable tourism.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Better active and sustainable travel links widens the opportunity to enjoy the National Park.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	Improved connectively to active travel may help widen access to more visitors
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	Improved connectivity can make it easier for people to access services and employment opportunities. Active travel opportunities may also support the tourism sector.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	++	Where development will generate significant movements of people it will need to demonstrate measures to link to public transport and/or improve footpath and cycle networks and so directly support the achievement of this objective.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	~	No relationship or link.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	~	No relationship or link.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	Active and sustainable travel can improve the environment (fewer emissions, less congestion, etc) and people's enjoyment of it.
Summary: The effects of this policy are positive in relation to climate change, public enjoyment and understanding and transport. There is potential for negative effects on the landscape and biodiversity from new or increased use of active travel routes though this can be mitigated.				

APPENDIX 6

POLICY: AC4 - Development within railway corridors

AIM: To safeguard the Settle-Carlisle railway corridor for railway infrastructure and other related economic and tourism uses. To safeguard identified former railway corridors for railway reinstatement or all abilities recreational purposes.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	There is some potential for impacts from new development and infrastructure along the railway corridors(s).
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	–	Supporting the existing Settle Carlisle railway will tend to support existing quarry freight operations.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	–	There is some potential for impacts from new development and infrastructure along the railway corridors(s).
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	Minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	Minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	Minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	Minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	New railway infrastructure and economic, business and tourism uses are likely to continue to generate noise and light emissions. There is the potential for some limited additional impacts (noise from recreational users) from the reuse of former lines. Other policies, e.g. Dark Skies will help to mitigate negative effects.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective. The former lines are previously developed land.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+ -	Development along the rail corridor present the opportunity to conserve existing features, though some losses are possible too. The impact and significance of any potential losses would be properly considered and managed in accordance with Policy AB1.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N	Minimal effect on the achievement of this objective, though the Settle-Carlisle rail corridor is a Conservation Area and will require appropriately designed development.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	~	No relationship or link.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	Safeguarding and developing the Settle Carlisle railway promote access to services both within and well outside of the National Park in larger service centres.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Support for the development of the Settle Carlisle line and reuse of the former lines as all abilities routes or future reinstated railways will be supportive to community viability and vibrancy by providing sustainable transport links into and out of the Park for both residents and visitors.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	~	No relationship or link.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	~	No relationship or link.

Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	~	No relationship or link.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	- +	Re-use of former track beds may generate more vehicle movements as people travel to access them, although onward journeys by bike, on foot, etc, will be more sustainable.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	~	No relationship or link.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	Support of rail infrastructure and delivery of new all abilities routes is likely to improve resilience by encouraging sustainable travel.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	This policy will help to deliver this objective by promoting and sustaining sustainable transport and active travel options within the National Park.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	This policy will help to deliver this objective by promoting sustainable transport options and supporting new active travel routes within the National Park.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	This policy will help to deliver this objective by promoting sustainable transport and active travel routes within the National Park. This may facilitate greater access to the Park for young people and disadvantaged groups may not have access to their own car.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	This policy will provide opportunity for new economic, business and tourism uses along the Settle Carlisle Railway corridor .Re-use of other former trackbeds for recreational routes may also creation new business opportunities.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	This policy will support this objective by safeguarding the Settle Carlisle railway and promoting the re-use of former trackbeds for active travel routes.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	~	No relationship or link.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	This policy may open up opportunities for farm diversification schemes linked to the re-use of former track beds or ongoing development of the Settle Carlisle route.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	This policy will help to achieve this objective by supporting the Settle Carlisle Railway Line and enhancing the existing network of footpath, bridleways and tracks.
Summary: Development within railway corridors has the potential for some negative impact on habitats and the landscape, as the railways cross some of the remoter locations in the Park. It has the potential for positive effects on the social and economic objectives as the railway corridors can provide benefits to residents, visitors and businesses.				

POLICY: AC5 – Vehicle movements

AIM: To understand and plan for the consequences that new development will have for vehicle movement and to comply with Highway Authority safety and parking standards.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.

Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	~	No relationship or link.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	~	No relationship or link.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+ -	Vehicle movements associated with new development may increase emissions (noise and air pollutants) in the National Park. Understanding and assessing the impact of traffic movements will inform planning decisions and promote the mitigation of potential negative impacts where possible.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective though it will ensure vehicle movements are properly considered.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	This policy should help to achieve this objective by properly considering and planning for vehicle movements and sustainable transport links.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	This policy should help to achieve this objective by properly considering and planning for vehicle movements and sustainable transport links.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	~	No relationship or link.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	~	No relationship or link.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	~	No relationship or link.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	N	Minimal effect, although travel plans will consider sustainable transport measures which could reduce energy use,
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	~	No relationship or link.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	The policy promotes measures to mitigate the negative impacts of significant new traffic movements
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Appropriate parking and understanding of vehicle movement will help inform sustainable tourism
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Appropriate parking and understanding of vehicle movement will help with public enjoyment
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	Appropriate parking and understanding of vehicle movement will help with new visitor markets
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	Appropriate parking and understanding of vehicle movement will help the local economy and vibrancy of town centres.

Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	This policy will help achieve this objective by properly considering the vehicle movements that will be generated by new development and facilitating sustainable and active travel where necessary.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	~	No relationship or link.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	N	Vehicular movements associated with farm diversification schemes will be considered under this policy. Impacts are unknown and will vary dependent upon the scheme.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	This policy will vehicle movements associated with new development are properly considered and planned for in order to mitigate any potential negative impacts on the Park.
Summary: The effect of this policy on many of the objectives is minimal. It does however score positively in relation to climate change, public enjoyment, economy and transport. It will ensure that vehicle movements from new developments are properly considered and sustainable transport enhanced where necessary.				

ARCHAEOLOGY & BUILT HERITAGE

POLICY: AB1 – Archaeology

AIM: To ensure development proposals conserve and, wherever possible, enhance the heritage assets of the National Park.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			Likely effect on the sustainability objective	Commentary - (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+	The protection of archaeological resource may indirectly help to safeguard important habitats within their setting.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	+	This policy may make it more difficult for large scale abstraction of minerals
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	This policy will help to achieve this objective by preventing or mitigating the loss of or harm to important archaeological assets and their settings.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	~	No relationship or link.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	~	No relationship or link.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	Safeguarding archaeology will also tend to reduce new emissions
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	++	This policy will directly support the achievement of this objective.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	++	This policy will directly support the achievement of this objective.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N	The policy requires applicants to demonstrate that they understand the significance of any heritage assets affected by their proposals. This, in turn, may influence their design to ensure the asset and its setting is respected.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	-	This policy will be a constraint on the development potential of some housing sites. However it will not prevent development in all cases and the policy provides further guidance around this.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	-	This policy could be a constraint to certain types of services development. However it will not prevent development in all cases and the policy provides further guidance around this.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.

	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	**-**	This policy could be a constraint to renewable energy development. However it will not prevent development in all cases and the policy provide further guidance around this.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	**+**	This policy should help support sustainable tourism as the heritage assets of the National Park contribute to its Special Qualities,
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	**+**	This policy should help to meet this objective by protecting and enhancing archaeological heritage assets.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	**-**	This policy could be a constraint to economic development in some areas. However it will not prevent development in all cases and the policy provide further guidance around this.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	**-**	This policy could be a constraint to the efficient location of new development. However it will not prevent development in all cases and the policy provide further guidance around this.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	**-**	This policy could be a constraint to some types of farm diversification. However it will not prevent development in all cases and the policy provide further guidance around this.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	**+**	This policy should help to achieve this objective as the heritage assets of the National Park contribute to its Special Qualities,
Summary: This policy will have positive effects against environmental and heritage based objectives. It could act as a constraint to some forms of development and so scores negatively against some of the economic related objectives.				

POLICY: AB2 – Conversion of Traditional Buildings and acceptable uses

AIM: To conserve the contribution that traditional buildings make to the special qualities of the National Park, alternative uses will be permitted where the building and its setting are able to accommodate the intensity of the new use without harm to other Local Plan objectives.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**		**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	N	-	Possible slight negative impact on, for example, bat roost and bird nesting sites from re-use of underused traditional buildings. Policy safeguards will apply
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	N		The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.

	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	Policy seeks to conserve and enhance tradition buildings which are features of heritage significance in the Yorkshire Dales landscape. Use will need to be appropriate to the location of the building.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	The policy will not have any minimal effect on the achievement of this objective. Potential for some indirect benefits through the protection and enhancement of historical landscapes.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	Minimal effect
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	Minimal effect
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	Minimal effect
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	Potential for new emissions from the re-use of buildings though other policies will provide safeguards, e.g. dark skies. Intensive uses will not be permitted in remote locations.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	+	This policy may support the achievement of this objective in some locations.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	++	This policy will directly support the achievement of this objective.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N	The policy deals with use rather than design, though only acceptable uses will be permitted. Policy AB3 will provide safeguards re: building treatment.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	Policy will permit the re-use of traditional buildings for residential use in some circumstances.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	N	Minimal effect.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Policy will allow re-use of traditional buildings for farm diversification, local occupancy housing, etc – uses which may help contribute to this objective.,
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	Minimal effect
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	Minimal effect
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+	The re-use of traditional buildings contributes to the circular economy especially where they may be otherwise redundant.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	-	Conservation of traditional buildings may limit the scope for energy conservation.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	Minimal effect.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N	Minimal effect.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Policy does provide scope to re-use buildings for tourism uses in some circumstances.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	This policy should help to meet this objective by protecting and enhancing traditional buildings which are a key feature of the Dales landscape.

	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	Minimal effect.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	N	Policy supports the re-use of traditional buildings, including for farm diversification projects in certain circumstances. Overall impact on the economy is likely to be minimal.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	-	Traditional buildings are dotted throughout the National Park, including more remote locations which may not be supported by sustainable transport options.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	+ -	Policy supports the re-use of traditional buildings, including for farm diversification projects in certain circumstances. Not all proposed new uses may be compatible.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Policy support the re-use of traditional building, including for farm diversification projects in certain circumstances.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	This policy should help to achieve this objective as traditional barns are important features within the National Park and contribute to its Special Qualities.
Summary: This policy scores well across a wide range of indicators, perhaps reflecting the fact that traditional buildings are integral to the Dales landscape in many ways. Scope for some negative effects in relation to sustainable transport options and energy efficiency.				

POLICY: AB3 – Conversion of Traditional Buildings – Building treatment

AIM: To ensure re-use proposals in relation to Policy AB2 do not undermine the architectural and historical character of the building and its landscape setting.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	N	Wildlife and habitat safeguarding is addressed in the policy, though overall impact on habitats in terms of scale will be minimal
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	The policy is intended to maintain high standards which cumulatively will prevent harm to the cultural landscape
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective as it deals with the building treatment rather than the change of use.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	The policy will have the effect of reducing these potential impacts through good design.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed	++	The policy directly contributes to the delivery of this objective in relation to traditional buildings.

		buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.		
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	++	The policy directly contributes to the delivery of this objective in relation to the treatment of traditional buildings when they are converted for new uses.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	The policy will support proposals for the conversion of traditional buildings to new uses (including residential) where they conform to the National Park design guide and a range of other criteria.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	N	The policy will have minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	N	The policy will have minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	The policy will have minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	The policy will have minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	N	The policy will have minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	-	High conservation standards may frustrate the achievement of this objective.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	The policy will have minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	-	High conservation standards may frustrate the achievement of this objective.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	High conservation standards which protect the architectural and historical character of traditional buildings and their settings may both directly and indirectly support this outcome depending upon the end use.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Conserving traditional buildings in the landscape will help to maintain the Special Qualities of the National Park for the enjoyment of visitors and residents.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	The policy will have minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	N	Policy deals with the treatment of traditional buildings which may be re-used for farm diversification projects in certain circumstances. Overall impact on the economy is likely to be minimal.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	-	There is the potential for tension between the conservation of a buildings conservation qualities and farming requirements. An assessment of heritage significance will help to inform decisions on the amount of alteration that can take place. Where new uses cannot feasibly be fulfilled by a traditional farm building and where there is a clear case for new agricultural buildings to perform uses, these applications can be considered on their own merits under policy E2 (rural land based enterprises).
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	-	Possible tension between farm diversification proposals and the capacity of traditional buildings to accommodate unrestricted change. An assessment of heritage significance will help to inform decisions on the amount of alteration that can take place. The Authority's design guide and a Traditional Farm Buildings Toolkit will help.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	The conservation of traditional buildings to high standards will support the achievement of this objective.

Summary: This policy will have positive effect on the landscape, heritage and public enjoyment objective given that traditional buildings are such an important feature of the Dales landscape. There is scope for some tension between the level of alteration that would be suitable to accommodate some new uses and climate change objectives. A careful balance need to be struck.

POLICY: AB4 – Demolition and alteration of Traditional Farm Buildings

AIM: To support the alteration of traditional farm buildings where it would prolong their beneficial use for agriculture and, as a last resort, permit demolition where it would not harm the Special Qualities of the National Park.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	Some buildings may have bat roosts, bird nests or other habitat found in isolated locations that may be affected by alterations or demolition.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	This policy is seeking to conserve the positive contribution traditional farm buildings make to the landscape.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	This policy contributes to the delivery of this objective in relation to traditional buildings by seeking to retain the architectural, historical and archaeological significance of traditional buildings where they are proposed to be adapted or extended, and only permitting their demolition as a last resort where it would not harm the Special Qualities of the National Park.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	This policy will support the achievement of this objective by seeking to retain the architectural, historical and archaeological significance of traditional buildings where they are proposed to be adapted or extended.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.

	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	N	The policy will have minimal effect on the achievement of this objective. Re-use of building stone could contribute to the circular economy though the scale of this will be small.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Conserving traditional buildings in the landscape will help to maintain the Special Qualities of the National Park for the enjoyment of visitors and residents.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	-	Possible tension between economic development potential and the capacity of the policy to permit unrestricted change which may be required to support this potential.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	-	This policy supports the alteration of traditional farm buildings but may frustrate some agricultural development proposals given the need to retain the architectural, historical and archaeological significance of traditional buildings.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	-	This policy supports the alteration of traditional farm buildings but may frustrate some agricultural diversification proposals given the need to retain the architectural, historical and archaeological significance of traditional buildings.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	Supporting the adaptation or extension of traditional farm buildings to support their continued use and conservation will support the achievement of this objective.
Summary: This policy's effect on many of the objectives is minimal. It will help to safeguard heritage assets which are an important part of the Park's special qualities. However the policy may have negative effects on economic and agricultural objectives where it may frustrate/prevent some proposals.				

APPENDIX 6

COMMUNITY

POLICY: C1 – Housing in Towns and Large Villages

AIM: To release sufficient land in sustainable locations and provide a wide range of new homes that will support the social and economic well-being of communities.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	N	Green field sites are likely to be developed. This will have a negative effect on some habitat but the more sensitive sites will be avoided and losses will be mitigated in accordance with Policy NE1. The HRA also determined that significant effects on designated sites could be avoided with mitigation.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	Some of the largest developments in the Plan period are likely to be new housing sites, All proposed housing site allocations have been assessed for their individual and cumulative impact on the landscape though a formal, independent Landscape Assessment process. The objective is to avoid development that will cause significant irreversible harm. It remains inevitable however that building new houses on green field sites in a designated landscape will lead to some negative landscape changes around certain towns and villages. Adverse impacts from development will mitigated as far as possible at the detailed design stage, having consideration to other policies in this Plan, and through the use of planning conditions, etc.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	New development will have minimal impact on the Park's geodiversity and will avoid areas of geodiversity importance.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	+	New housing will be focussed in the larger settlements where infrastructure and services exist. Utilities companies have been consulted during the development of the Local Plan and regarding site allocations. Policy AC1 and AC2 will ensure that there is sufficient infrastructure to support new development.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	-	More homes and people means a higher risk of pollution, though this is likely to be very low in absolute terms.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	-	Housing sites within flood risk areas will be avoided. New developments will be subject to sustainable drainage measures in accordance with policy CP5. Nevertheless more development may have some additional impact on flood risk.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	New development will inevitably add slightly to light and noise emissions, except possibly on a previously developed site. Emissions will be mitigated in accordance with the Design Policy (CP6) and the Authority's Dark Night Skies lighting guidance.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	New housing has the potential to have some impact on below ground archaeology. Site allocations have been assessed against the Historic Environment Record and historic environment professionals have been consulted. Mitigation: Where there is the potential for below ground archaeology there will need to be an assessment of the significance of the assets in line with policy AB1. Some small loss of resource and context may be expected.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	-	New housing has the potential to have some impact on above ground archaeology and existing heritage. Other local plan policies will require design and materials considerations (CP6) and heritage assessments (AB1) to understand the context and mitigate sensitivities. Minimum 35 dwellings per hectare density is encouraged to make efficient use of land but can be reduced in order to preserve settlement character.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	This policy identifies locations for new development having considered the suitability of their location as an allocation. It states that 'All new housing in the National Park will be of high quality design in conformity with policy CP6 (Design).' The intention is to develop designs and layouts that are sympathetic to the distinctive landscape. Development briefs will be prepared to guide the development of larger site allocations.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	The policy will support the achievement of this objective by requiring the delivery of affordable homes and ensuring that the size, type and tenure of new homes are informed by evidence of need.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	New housing will help to support and safeguard access to services. This policy focuses the majority of housing in towns and large villages where existing local services are concentrated. No shortfalls in capacity of some services (e.g. schools) to accommodate the new development have been highlighted during the plan preparation process.

	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	++	Increasing the number of permanent resident households should support community vitality. New housing, and in particular affordable housing, can attract and enable younger adults and families to live and work in the Park creating more diverse communities.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	+	Increasing the number of resident households and the diversity of households has potential to support governance and democracy.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	+	This policy focuses the majority of housing in towns and large villages where existing local services are concentrated/available.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	-	New development and additional households will increase waste streams, however, waste management services are well established in all areas.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	New development will increase energy demand slightly but new homes will be much more efficient than existing stock and there may be potential for additional renewable energy generation.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	This policy will have minimal impact on this objective, however policy CP6 (Design) an CP7 (Energy requirements) will apply to all development and encourages the use of low carbon/renewable technologies.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	New development and more households will consume more resources although if the properties are permanently occupied this may be a case of displacing that consumption from elsewhere. New properties can be designed so that they are resilient to more severe weather eg. by avoiding flood risk areas and making properties stronger or more resilient to storm damage.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	New housing, and in particular affordable housing, can enable more working age people to live in the national park and support/work in the tourism industry.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	N	The policy will have minimal effect on the achievement of this objective, although new residents can enjoy the National Park.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	++	Building houses generates economic growth. Increasing the resident population generates demand for local businesses and provides a supply of labour and skills. New homes can attract new people to the Dales who may bring or create business.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	This policy focuses the majority of housing in towns and large villages where existing local services, including public transport services, are concentrated/available and where some services maybe in walkable distance from new housing.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	Minimal effect, though more new housing and a growing population has the potential to help support farming business
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	More new housing and a larger populations provide markets and labour for farm diversification business. Housing sites may be owned by farm businesses.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	-	New housing development has the potential to have some negative impacts on the special qualities of the National Park, however, housing allocations and development boundaries have been assessed to consider, for example, their landscape sensitivity, impact on heritage assets and habitats, etc. Potential residual negative impacts on the special qualities will be mitigated through the consideration of other policies within the Local Plan. These will ensure, for example, that new development is well-designed (CP6), respects National Park purposes (CP2), protects wildlife and habitats (NE1 and NE2), etc.
SUMMARY: This policy will have a positive effect on many of the social and economic objectives as it will provide new homes, help to sustain the population and local services and support local businesses. New housing has the potential for negative effects on the environmental objectives though these should be capable of mitigation.				

POLICY: C2 – Housing in Small Settlements

AIM: To provide new opportunities for a small amount of infill housing targeted at local needs, within the Park's smaller settlements.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			Likely effect on the sustainability objective	Commentary - (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	There is the potential for some localised impact as a result of new development in smaller settlements, however the extent of development boundaries has been carefully considered. Other policies within the Local Plan will provide safeguards (e.g. NE1 and NE2, CP2).
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	There is the potential for some localised impact as a result of new development in smaller settlements, however the extent of development boundaries has been carefully considered. Other policies within the Local Plan will provide safeguards (e.g. CP2, CP6).
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	New development will have minimal impact on the Park's geodiversity and will avoid areas of geodiversity importance.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	-	Schemes in small villages are likely to require individual treatment solutions rather than have the option of connection to the mains sewage system.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	New development has the potential for some localised impacts on water quality, however these impacts will be mitigated by the design of new development adhering to the drainage policy (CP5).
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	Whilst land within development boundaries may be within flood risk areas, other polices within the Local Plan will prevent vulnerable development from taking place on these sites (Policy CP4). New development must adhere to the drainage policy (CP5) which will help to ensure that development does not contribute to downstream floodrisk.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	New development in smaller settlements may result in some localised small-scale emissions in sensitive areas. These will be minimised as far as possible through the application of the design policy (CP6) and dark skies (L6).
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	New housing has the potential to have some impact on below ground archaeology. On sites where there is the potential for below ground archaeology there will need to be an assessment of the significance of the assets in line with policy AB1. Some small loss of resource and context may be possible.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	-	New housing has the potential to have some impact on above ground archaeology. Other local plan policies will require design and materials considerations and heritage assessments to understand the context and mitigate sensitivities.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+ -	Small settlements can be sensitive locations for new development. There is no guarantee that a plot of land within a development boundary will automatically be acceptable for development as other planning policy requirements will also need to be satisfied. Policy CP6 (design) will ensure design is of a high quality to minimise any harm.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	The addition of small villages to the development hierarchy will open some additional small scale opportunities for new housing to meet local need.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	New housing will help to support and safeguard access to services.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	New housing in small settlements will provide limited opportunities for households that work in the area or have connections to it and perhaps own suitable land or buildings for self-build or self-conversion. In this way small settlements have a future role to play in sustaining National Park communities at the most rural level.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	+	Small increase in the resident population has the potential to help support local governance and democracy.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	Providing these services to small new development in small settlements in remote areas may be difficult. This policy is therefore likely to have minimal impact on this objective.

Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	-	New development and additional households will increase waste streams, however, waste management services are well established in all areas.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	New development will increase energy demand slightly but new homes will be much more efficient than existing stock and there will be potential for additional renewable energy generation.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	The policy will have minimal effect on the achievement of this objective, though there is scope for some renewable energy generation associated with new development.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	-	Small village locations will tend to increase climate emissions given their remoteness, the need to travel to services, etc. However, the overall level of development in small villages is expected to be very limited in nature under this policy.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	More affordable housing within the Park should be helpful to the tourism industry in terms of labour supply, etc.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	N	The policy will have minimal impact on the achievement of this objective.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	Whilst development achieved under this policy will only be small scale, building houses generates economic growth. Increasing the resident population generates demand for local businesses and can provide a supply of labour and skills.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	-	Small villages may be a suboptimal location in terms of connection to public transport and active travel.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Additional housing in small villages may be beneficial to agriculture and farm diversification schemes.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	-	New housing development has the potential to have some negative impacts on the special qualities of the National Park. Potential negative impacts on the special qualities will be mitigated through the consideration of other policies within the Local Plan. These will ensure, for example, that new development is well-designed (CP6), respects National Park purposes (CP2), protects wildlife and habitats (NE1 and NE2), etc.
SUMMARY: This policy will have a positive effect on many of the social and economic objectives as it will provide new homes, help to sustain the population and local services and support local businesses. New housing has the potential for negative effects on the environmental objectives though these should be capable of mitigation.				

POLICY: C3 – Rural Exception Sites

AIM: To allow the release of a small-scale housing site, as an exception to other policies, where it would meet a local need for affordable housing in perpetuity.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	Rural exception sites allow development of small sites within or on the edge of local service centres and larger villages and so there is potential for some negative impact. However, proposals for rural exception sites must comply with other policies in the Local Plan including biodiversity (NE1 and NE2). Important sites will be avoided and mitigation and enhancement will be required.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.

	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	Sites will be small but have the potential for some localised landscape impact. Proposals will need to comply with other policies and guidance in the Local Plan including impact on the form and character of the settlement, design, layout, and siting which will mitigate detrimental impacts as far as possible.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	New development will have minimal impact on the Park's geodiversity and will avoid areas of geodiversity importance.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	+	Exception sites will be permitted within or on the edge of local service centres and larger villages where infrastructure to support development should exist. Policy AC1 and AC2 will ensure that there is sufficient infrastructure to support all new development.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	-	New development has the potential for some impact on water quality, however these impacts will be mitigated by the design of new development adhering to the Sustainable Drainage policy (CP5).
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	Proposals for rural exception sites must comply with other policies and guidance in the Local Plan including that on flood risk (CP4). New development also must adhere to the sustainable drainage policy (CP5) which will help to ensure that development does not contribute to downstream flood risk.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	N	Exception sites will be small scale and noise and light emissions will be minimal. Sites must comply with other policies and guidance in the Local Plan including Design policies and dark night skies guidance.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	New housing has the potential to have some impact on below ground archaeology. On sites where there is the potential for below ground archaeology there will need to be an assessment of the significance of the assets in line with policy AB1 to help determine the suitability of the site for development.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	-	New housing has the potential to have some impact on above ground archaeology. Other local plan policies will require heritage assessments to understand the context (AB1) and the design and siting of development (Policy CP6) will help to mitigate sensitivities.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	The design, layout and siting of any proposed development on an exception site will be important considerations. Exception site may be permitted in more sensitive greenfield locations which wouldn't otherwise be developed unless the benefits outweigh harm.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	++	Exception sites must respond to a proven local need for affordable housing. The policy is making it possible to increase the supply of affordable housing.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	Exception sites should increase demand for existing services from new households.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	++	Exception sites will provide affordable homes which meet a demonstrable need; helping to create inclusive and sustainable communities.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	+	Schemes on exception sites may well include community involvement.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	The policy will have minimum effect on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	-	New development and additional households will increase waste streams, however, waste management services are well established in all areas.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	New, modern homes will be more energy efficient.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	There is the potential for new small scale renewable energy development to form part of the proposals on an exception site.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	New properties can be designed so that they are resilient to more severe weather eg. by avoiding flood risk areas and making properties stronger or more resilient to storm damage.
	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	More affordable housing should be helpful to the tourism industry by providing a potential supply of local labour, etc

Public Enjoyment & Understanding	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	N	The policy will have minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	Building and occupying homes is beneficial to the local economy. More affordable housing should be particularly helpful to the local economy in terms of supplying local labour, etc.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	-	Some exceptions sites have the potential to be poorer located in connectivity terms as their primary purpose is to meet local housing need.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	+	Affordable housing is likely to be beneficial to the land management industry by providing labour, etc.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Affordable housing may help to support agriculture and farm diversification opportunities.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	-	Small scale development likely to have small scale impacts on the special qualities of the National Park. Other policies in the plan will help to mitigate these impacts.
SUMMARY: This policy will have a positive effect on many of the social and economic objectives as it will provide new homes, help to sustain the population and local services and support local businesses. New housing has the potential for negative effects on the environmental objectives though these should be capable of mitigation.				

POLICY: C4 – Rural Workers' Housing

AIM: To support housing essential for the permanent management of a land based rural enterprise.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	N	Effect on the objective will be minimal. The policy will permit very small scale development and the essential need for rural workers housing will not override considerations of environmental impact.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	Isolated development may have some localised landscape impacts. Size should be commensurate to the needs of the new rural enterprise or associated agricultural unit. Policy states that dwellings should be located within or adjoining an existing group of buildings to minimise its impact on the landscape.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective given its very limited scale.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	-	Schemes in more remote areas are likely to require individual treatment solutions rather than have the option of connection to the mains sewage system. Water supply and waste water treatment will be properly considered under other Local Plan policies.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	-	Small sale isolated development may result in small-scale isolated impacts.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	Overall effect of this policy is likely to be minimal. Flood risk will be a consideration in the location of a new dwelling under CP4.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	There is the potential for some very small scale noise and light emissions in existing tranquil areas. Dwellings must comply with other policies and guidance in the Local Plan including design policy and dark night skies.

Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	Location of development will be linked to need. Effect is likely to be minimal due to small scale of development. Policy AB1and AB2 will help to determine the suitability of the site for development.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	N	Location of development will be linked to need. Effect is likely to be minimal due to small scale of development. Policy AB1 and AB2 will help to determine the suitability of the site for development.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	The impact on the surrounding countryside of a dwellings siting and design will be key considerations.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	Rural workers housing should meet a specific need over a long period of time.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	N	Policy will have limited impact on the achievement of this objective due to the its limited scale and potentially isolated location.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Some very small-scale benefit arising from the policy in supporting the needs of the land based economy and agricultural community.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	N	An additional dwelling is likely to lead to a small increase in energy use, particularly in an isolated location. The policy promotes re-use or sub-division of existing buildings prior to consideration of new build, however a new build home is likely to be more energy efficient in the long term. Overall impact likely to be minimal.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Managers of larger established visitor accommodation may fall within the definition of essential rural-based enterprises, though dwellings for additional farm workers are likely to make up the majority of applications.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Rural workers dwellings should support the appropriate management of the National Park which will support public enjoyment
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	This policy responds to evidence of need for full time employment to support land based enterprises.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	- +	Rural workers dwellings are likely to be located on relatively isolated sites. Small numbers mean negative impacts are likely to be very small however. Having a rural worker living on site minimises emissions caused by regular commuting.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	+	Policy will help to meet the functional needs of agriculture. forestry or other essential rural-based enterprise (e.g. farm workers, gamekeepers and managers of larger established visitor accommodation) including future as well as initial occupiers.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Policy is likely to be beneficial to farm diversification opportunities.

Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	N	Limited numbers and scale of development means impact on National Park qualities likely to be small and localised.
SUMMARY: Rural workers housing has the potential for some negative effects of the environmental objectives are they may be proposed in more remote or isolated locations. Policies within the plan will provide appropriate mitigation. There will be positive impacts on the community, agriculture and economy related objectives given these dwellings provide homes for land-based enterprise workers.				

POLICY: C5 – Shared housing, Sub-division, Residential Annexes and Replacement dwelling

AIM: To widen housing opportunities and make more efficient use of underused stock, particularly for the benefit of younger working age households and downsizing older households.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	N	The policy will not have any discernible positive or negative effect on the achievement of this objective. Policy may lead to a slight intensification of use of existing buildings.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	This policy will intensify use and so some small localised impacts are possible. However proposals will need to demonstrate that they will not cause unacceptable harm.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective given it deals with the sub-division or replacement of existing dwellings.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	Some localised impacts of light and noise are possible from intensification of use and this will be considered as part of this and other polices in the Local Plan.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective given it mainly deals with the sub-division or replacement of existing dwellings.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	-	Some localised impacts are likely if the existing or nearby dwellings have heritage significance or are within a designated area (e.g. conservation area). Proposals must comply with other policies and guidance in the Local Plan including those dealing with heritage assets (AB1 and AB2) and good design (CP6).
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	-	Achievement of high quality design may be variable given the policy will deal with existing buildings (where there may be limited scope to change/improve) as well as new build annexes and replacements. Scheme will be considered in line with design policy (CP6).
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	The policy seeks to do this by providing dwellings which may be more suitable for one or two person households suitable for older or younger people.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	Policy will support use of local services by intensifying uses in locations such as high streets.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Providing a range of accommodation types/sizes may help to support vibrant and inclusive communities.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	+	Small increase in the resident population may support local governance and democracy.

	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	Re-use of existing buildings, including subdivision and by adding extensions is generally preferable to new build as the construction process is carbon intensive. It makes the most efficient use of the existing housing stock.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	Subdivision and conversion can help to reduce possible underuse of existing dwellings. Re-use of existing buildings, including subdivision and by adding extensions is generally preferable to new build as the construction process is carbon intensive. It makes the most efficient use of the existing housing stock.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective, though additional labour could help to support the tourism sector.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	Additional housing should support the local economy by providing a supply of labour and skills, as well as opportunities for entrepreneurs wo live in the National Park.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	Some units are likely to be located in proximity to existing transport networks given the policy deals with the intensification of existing dwellings/buildings, etc.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	Additional housing may support farming though overall effect on this objective is likely to be minimal.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Additional housing may support farm diversification opportunities by providing local labour.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
SUMMARY: This policy has the potential for some negative effects on landscape and built heritage, though these will be limited given the scope of the policy. The policy provides another means of providing new housing which generally supports the more community and economic based objectives.				

POLICY: C6 - Residential caravans, Gypsy and Traveller needs

AIM: To avoid the permanent siting and use of non-permanent accommodation. To permit an exception to be made for Gypsy or Traveller residential caravan sites, in the event that a permanent need is evident.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	N	The policy will have minimal impact. Whilst caravans and sites for gypsy/traveller pitches have potential to cause harm, the location of caravans, mobile homes and non-permanent accommodation will be carefully considered relative to neighbouring land uses, including sensitive sites with nature conservation value.

Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	- +	This policy has the potential to have some detrimental impact on the landscape due to the design, shape, colour and materials of caravans and mobile homes. The impact may only be temporary where a permission for temporary use is granted in exceptional circumstances. Should the need arise to provide a site for caravans for gypsy's and travellers, the site will need to be acceptable within the landscape or the impact must be capable of being significantly reduced by an approved landscaping scheme.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	The policy will have minimal impact on the Park's geodiversity.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	+	Policy states sites will need adequate infrastructure including mains water, drainage and sanitation.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	+	Policy states sites will need adequate infrastructure including drainage and sanitation.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	Areas at risk of flooding must be avoided. Any permanent need is likely to be small in scale adequate drainage must be provided minimising the risk of downstream flooding.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	Potential for some detrimental impact. Other policies will provide safeguard, e.g. dark skies
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	+	Locations for gypsy and traveller sites would not be acceptable if they would harm areas with heritage assets.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	Locations for gypsy and traveller sites would not be acceptable if they would harm areas with heritage assets.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	-	Limited scope to control the quality of design beyond siting and landscaping/screening.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	Policy provides temporary accommodation where justified and sites to meet Gypsy and Traveller needs where justified.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	N	Minimal contribution due to the transient / temporary nature of the accommodation that is permitted by this policy, however occupiers of gypsy and traveller sites will require access to schools and services whilst resident in the Park.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Policy supports inclusivity although the most appropriate exceptions sites for gypsy and travellers may be those detached from existing residential areas.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	N	Beyond ensuring adequate infrastructure and provision for the collection of refuse and recyclable materials the policy will have minimal effect on this objective.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	21	Support sustainable tourism.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.

Public Enjoyment & Understanding	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	~	No relationship or link.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	-	This may not be possible as suitable sites may be located away from service centres/the sustainable transport network.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	-	Caravans, mobile homes and other forms of non-permanent accommodation can be incompatible with the conservation of the special qualities of the National Park because of their design, shape, colour, etc. Suitable locations will be carefully selected and appropriate screened to minimise detrimental impact.
SUMMARY: The policy performs positively against some of the environmental and community objectives. It will provide housing for specific groups/needs and the policy is very specific about the criteria for suitable sites to prevent harm. The nature of the accommodation (caravans) mean that achieving high quality design is limited and this has implications for visual amenity/landscape impacts, etc.				

POLICY: C7 – Accommodation for the Elderly or Vulnerable Adults

AIM: To encourage the development of modern elderly and vulnerable person's accommodation to serve needs within the locality.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	N	Likely minimal effect. Sites for new accommodation would be carefully selected taking into account proximity to habitats to minimise any potential adverse impact.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	An extra care/residential care facility would likely have a minor landscape impact on the edge of a settlement. There is scope to mitigate the impact through good design, layout and screening in line with policy CP6 (Design).
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	+	Accommodation for the elderly or vulnerable adults will need to be adequately serviced with sustainable drainage in line with policies CP5 (Sustainable drainage) and AC1 (Infrastructure to support new development). Extra care and residential care facilities will be permitted on the edge of towns and larger villages where infrastructure already exists.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	+	Accommodation for the elderly or vulnerable adults will need to be adequately serviced with sustainable water supply and waste water treatment methods in line with policies CP5 (Sustainable drainage). Extra care and residential care facilities will be permitted on the edge of towns and larger villages where infrastructure already exists.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	Vulnerable development such as accommodation for the elderly or vulnerable adults will not be permitted in flood risk areas in line with policy CP4 (Flood Risk).

Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	There is the potential for minor additional noise and light emissions unless the site had a previous intensive use. These can be mitigated as far as possible through good design (Policy CP6) and dark skies policy L6.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	Development has the potential to have some impact on below ground archaeology. On sites where there is the potential for below ground archaeology there will need to be an assessment of the significance of the assets in line with policy AB1 to help determine the suitability of the site for development.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	-	Development has the potential to have some impact on above ground archaeology. Other local plan policies will require heritage assessments to understand the context (Policy AB1) and the design and siting of development (Policy CP6) will help to mitigate sensitivities.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	-	There is likely to be some localised impacts on setting, particularly from larger developments such as extra care facilities. Impacts can be mitigated through good design and appropriate screening in line with policy CP6 (Design)
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	++	The policy directly supports which objective by providing appropriate and specialist housing for the elderly and vulnerable adults. Such development is important to meeting needs given the high proportion of residents age 65+ and the ageing profile of the Park's population.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	Provision of extra care and housing for vulnerable adults would increase and enhance existing services. Extra Care facilities can often include new services open to the wider community, e.g. local shop, café, etc
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Keeping elderly and vulnerable households within the community by providing appropriate accommodation suited to their needs will contribute to community vibrancy and inclusivity.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	+	Older people often have the time and may be more inclined to engage in local governance and participate in community groups.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+	The management of waste from shared and managed facilities is likely to be good.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	Shared facilities are likely to have better energy performance as residents can share common areas within a building. New developments are likely to be more energy efficient.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	Larger development such as extra care facilities offer the potential for siting renewable energy sources, incentivised by reduced running costs, etc.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	Communal living and care settings are likely to be more resilient than some other forms of development.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	~	No relationship or link.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	~	No relationship or link.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	~	No relationship or link.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	Accommodation for the elderly and vulnerable adults such as an extra care facility will result in the direct provision of care and management jobs and increased demand for local products and services. Scope for complementary businesses to be co-located within extra care facility, e.g. shop, café, etc.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	Some, but not all, development in this policy will be focussed on the edge of towns and in larger villages where there are more likely to be sustainable transport links.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	Minimal effect, however, extra-care and other housing designed for the for the elderly could benefit retiring land managers.

	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective. Any impact on National Park qualities likely to be small and localised.
SUMMARY: This policy supports many of the community and economic objectives by providing housing for elderly/vulnerable adults who may otherwise have to live outside of the National Park. Where effects may be negative these relate to environmental objectives, though safeguards can be put in place.				

POLICY: C8 – Community Facilities

AIM: To protect existing Community facilities and support new ones that meet the needs of local residents.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	N	This policy will have minimal impact on this objective.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	Some new facilities may have a localised impact on the landscape. Good design and landscaping in accordance with PolicyC6 (Design) can help to mitigate adverse impacts.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	This policy will have minimal impact on this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	This policy will have minimal impact on this objective. Any new facilities will need to have relevant infrastructure in place to support it in line with polices AC1 and AC2.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	This policy will have minimal impact on this objective.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	Community facilities can include some vulnerable uses. Proposals will be considered against the Flood Risk policy to prevent inappropriate development in flood risk areas.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	There is the potential for some localised emissions of light and noise from new facilities. These can be mitigated as far as possible through good design (Policy CP6) and darks skies (L6).
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	Potential for some impacts to below ground archaeology from new facilities. An assessment of the significance of the assets in line with policy AB1 to help determine the suitability of the site for development.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	-	Protecting existing community uses is likely to help conserve listed and traditional buildings and keep them in a beneficial use. However, there could be some localised impacts to Conservation Areas, traditional and listed buildings from new developments. Policy AB1 will provide safeguards.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N	Minimal effect directly from this policy. Policy CP6 (design) will ensure good design.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	Development of new and improved facilities will support new housing and help to meet the needs of the local community.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	++	The policy is designed to safeguard and improve community facilities/services.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Safeguarding existing and developing new community facilities/services will help maintain vibrant communities

	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	+	Safeguarding or improving meeting and other spaces is likely to be beneficial to governance, public involvement and volunteering.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	Minimal effect
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Meeting places and some community services also provide facilities attractive to visitors
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Cultural facilities perform part of the cultural heritage of the Park
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	The maintenance or development of community facilities is important to the local economy as they can provide important services to business, employees, etc, as well as being businesses themselves. Community facilities can sometimes include space for business/enterprise hubs.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	Existing facilities will generally be located near to existing communities.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Community facilities are likely to support diversification projects, for example providing outlets for local produced goods, etc.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	Community facilities can form part of the historic physical fabric of the National Park. Some of the Park's special qualities are also tied to community and cultural heritage.
SUMMARY: This policy supports many of the community and economic objectives. Potential negative effects relating to some of the environmental objective but are capable of mitigation.				

POLICY: C9 – Important Open Space

AIM: To retain the contribution that important open spaces make to amenity, recreation and the historical character of towns and villages.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+	Certain open spaces will coincide with wildlife habitat and therefore benefit their open space designation.

Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	Open space protection will support landscape conservation albeit at a relatively localised level.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	+	Open space protection will help to safeguard geodiversity.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	The safeguarding of land from development should help to minimise pollution incidents and enable natural filtration of water on relatively small scale open spaces. Overall impact will be minimal.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	The policy may support this objective on some sites. Helping to mitigate against flood risk is part of the criteria used for the designation of open space.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	Safeguarding open space is likely to help with this objective
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	+	Safeguarding open space is likely to help with this objective
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	Safeguarding open space may help with this objective
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+ / -	Safeguarding open space can help enhance new development, support the character and setting of a settlement and provide space for amenities such as recreational land. However it can also frustrate good design if it constrains layout.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	-	Safeguarding open space around villages will limit the site options available for housing development.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	N / -	Safeguarding open space may it more difficult or expensive to supply certain services
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Safeguarding open space that is accessible and enjoyed by communities will generally help deliver this objective
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	~	No relationship or link.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	~	No relationship or link.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	-	Protecting open space will tend to limit options for developing renewable energy
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Open spaces may be enjoyed by visitors and can form an important part of the character of a settlement which make it attractive to visit.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Certain areas of protected open space may help with this objective given the amenity, historical, cultural and recreational value which the open spaces may offer.

	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	The policy will not have any discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	-	Protecting open space may sometimes frustrate economic development proposals
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+ -	Protecting open space may assist access in some areas but also frustrate proposals for other forms of sustainable travel.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	-	Protecting land as open space may frustrate certain types of development that would support agricultural change.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	-	Protecting land as open space may frustrate certain types of development that would support agricultural diversification
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	Protecting open space should generally support conservation. Open spaces provide habitat and can form an important part of the character of Dales settlements.
SUMMARY: Protecting important open space has a positive effect on many of the environmental objectives but may frustrate or prevent development in some locations; meaning it scores negatively against some economic and community objectives.				

POLICY: C10 – Waste Management

AIM: To encourage and support the re-use and recycling of waste at a scale compatible with the rural context of the area.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	Small scale waste management facilities could have localised landscape impacts. Careful siting and screening will be required to minimise impact.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	+	There may be benefits to water quality and water security from appropriately developed waste management facilities.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	There may be localised emissions of noise, light and odour from some new waste management facilities. Consultation with Environmental Health and other policies within the Local Plan (L6) will help to prevent negative impact.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective subject to appropriate siting of facilities.

	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	-	The opportunity to influence /achieve high quality design might be limited and so siting and landscaping will be important.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	N	Minimal impact, however the local disposal of inert waste may be helpful to the construction of housing.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	Local recycling is a valuable local service.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	~	No relationship or link.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+	Supporting local recycling should help reinforce waste minimisation.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	Small scale waste digesters may deliver local heat or power
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	Initiatives to reuse and then recycle materials will help reduce energy and climate emissions
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Local recycling facilities will help support the tourism industry.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Appropriate waste management should help to maintain the cleanliness of the Park.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	N	Waste management will help support the local economy though overall impact on this objective will be minimal.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	+	Management of agricultural waste and recycling of materials may have a role to support this objective
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Management of agricultural waste and recycling of materials may support opportunities for diversification / new income streams, e.g. small scale anaerobic digestion plants being used to generate electricity or heat.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	Appropriate waste management should help to maintain the cleanliness of the National Park.
SUMMARY: Effects are likely to be minimal or positive across most objectives.				

APPENDIX 6

ECONOMY

POLICY: E1 – Business Development Sites

AIM: To support the development of land and new buildings in sustainable locations for business uses that create new jobs or support existing jobs, local spending and additional economic activity.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	Development of new land and buildings on green field sites could have a negative effect on species and habitats, however development will only be permitted whether there is the capacity to do so without adverse impacts on landscape and biodiversity.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	New employment uses and buildings have the potential to have some localised landscape impacts. These will need to be mitigated as far as possible through good design and screening in line with Policy CP6 (Design).
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	New development will have minimal impact on the Park's geodiversity and will avoid areas of geodiversity importance.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	Development will only be permitted under this policy where supporting infrastructure is available or can be delivered as part of the scheme. Industry does have the potential to utilise large quantities of water.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	New buildings and uses are likely to increase discharge but should be regulated to high standards.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	-	Some existing buildings may be located in flood risk areas so the policy could reinforce existing problems. For new development sites the vulnerability of use will be considered against flood risk in line with Policy CP4 Flood Risk.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	New business development sites have the potential for some localised emissions and impacts.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	New buildings and use of land could have some impacts on below ground remains. On sites where there is the potential for below ground archaeology there will need to be an assessment of the significance of the assets in line with policy AB1 to help determine the suitability of the site for development.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	-	Some possible impact on conservation areas and listed buildings from new buildings and land uses in proximity. There will need to be an assessment of the significance of the assets in line with policy AB1 to help determine the suitability of the site for development. Policies AB2 to AB4 deal specifically with traditional buildings, e.g. barns.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	-	High quality design may be difficult to achieve for standard industrial buildings.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	Growth of employment should stimulate a wider demand and provision of housing.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	Employment growth should help retain or increase households and demand for existing services.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	A mix of uses within settlements can help create vibrant communities. Employment growth should help retain or increase households which should also help to support community vibrancy.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	+	Employment growth should help retain or increase households which should help support participation in democracy.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	+	Employment growth should help retain or increase households and provide more demand for broadband and mobile services.

Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+	Employment growth should help build support and input for a circular economy.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	–	Employment growth will increase demand for energy although newer buildings offer opportunity for higher standards of energy conservation.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	Commercial development, employment growth and new buildings may provide opportunities for renewable energy generation.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Some of the employment and business growth will be in and /or support the tourism sector.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Some of the economic development may facilitate this, e.g tourism related businesses.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	Business development sites may provide locations for new businesses to develop in response to a growth of the visitor economy and in response to changing visitor requirements.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	++	The main objective of this policy is to help achieve this objective.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	-	Some new growth may not be optimally located because it will intensify existing isolated uses. Other local plan policies will provide safeguards.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	+	Some new business growth will support changes to agricultural and land management practice.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Some new growth will support changes to agricultural and land management diversification.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	-	New buildings and use of land will inevitably have some localised impacts in certain areas. Other local plan policies will provide safeguards.
SUMMARY: This policy scores well against many of the social and economic objectives given it promotes the growth of the economy and this should stimulate a wider demand for housing and local services. Potential negative effects relate to the environmental objectives, as new development has the potential to impact upon the landscape, biodiversity, heritage and special qualities. Taken together, other local plan policies should provide safeguards for appropriate development schemes.				

POLICY: E2 – Rural Land-based Enterprises

AIM: To support development that will help maintain rural land-based enterprises that produce high quality food in ways that help to conserve and enhance heritage, wildlife and a range of benefits for the nation.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+	This policy will support development needed for nature recovery and scrutinise potential impacts on wildlife and habitat.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+ -	Large farm or land management buildings have the potential to harm the landscape. Siting, design and screening will be important considerations in this policy. A condition will be placed on their approval to require their dismantling and removal

					when no longer needed for their purpose. Development may support and enable wider nature recovery on the land holding which may change / enhance the landscape.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N		Minimal overall effect.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N		Effect on this objective will be minimal.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	+	-	In theory water quality should improve although more development and experimental land management could also have some localised impacts.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N		Effect on this objective will be minimal. Some developments may support land management practices which reduce flood risk, e.g. tree planting/forestry management.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-		New development and some agricultural and land management development is likely to have localised impacts. Light emissions can be minimised through good design and in line with dark skies guidance..
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-		Some agricultural and land management development is likely to have localised impacts. Appropriate investigatory work can be undertaken to understand the presence and significance of any assets in line with policy AB1.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	-		Some agricultural and land management development is likely to have localised impacts. Appropriate investigatory work can be undertaken to understand the presence and significance of any assets in line with policy AB1.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	-		Modern Agricultural buildings tend to have a design and form that does not enhance its setting. Siting and screening will be important to mitigate adverse impacts. Policy states a condition will be placed on their approval to require their dismantling and removal when no longer needed for their purpose.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+		Whilst this policy will not deliver housing directly, the development of the land management economy will indirectly support demand and development of wider options for housing.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+		Land based enterprises are an essential part of the fabric of rural communities in the Dales. Supporting rural land based enterprises will help support households and therefore local services.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+		Land based enterprises are an essential part of the fabric of rural communities in the Dales. Supporting rural land based enterprises will help support households and therefore local communities.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	+		Supporting land based enterprises/land management will help support households and therefore local democracy.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	+		Supporting land based enterprises/land management will help support households and therefore demand for broadband and mobile signals.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+		Supporting land management may help towards a circular economy, e.g. the functioning of soils and land is important for the production of food, filtration of water resources, etc.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	-		Supporting land management development is likely to increase demand for energy overall, although it may also reduce some intensive energy demand and result in some more efficient types of new development.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+		Possibility of some localised renewable energy developments, but larger scale renewable energy generation likely to be in appropriate within the National Park.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+		Development which support a move towards nature recovery land management should help with mitigation and adaptation .
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+		Farm diversification opportunities and particularly eco-tourism and heritage tourism would support this objective.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+		Policy seeks to support development that will help to maintain farming and land management in ways that helps to conserve and enhance heritage, wildlife and other benefits.

	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	Land based enterprises may respond to these changing patterns through farm diversification activities.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	Supporting change and development in the farming and land management industry should help support the economy.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	- +	Farming and land management development will often be located away from public transport. Siting may however be good in terms of access to the footpath/bridleway network.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	++	This policy is intended to support the achievement of this objective within a National Park context.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	++	This policy is intended to support the achievement of this objective.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+ -	The landscape of the Park has been shaped by farming and is one of the Park's special qualities. Improved scrutiny of insensitive farming development should help safeguard special qualities. Some existing qualities may however be affected by changes to emerging land management practice.
SUMMARY: Rural land based enterprises are an important part of the Dales economy. This policy will have positive effects on the community and economic objectives. It is likely to have positive and negative effects on the environmental objectives, with potential positives for climate change. The consideration of impact on landscape and the quality of environment is intrinsic to this policy and it supports development which will deliver nature friendly farming, low carbon agriculture or wider nature recovery.				

POLICY: E3 - Re-use of existing buildings and Brownfield Land

AIM: To make more effective use of suitably located existing buildings and brownfield land, for new employment and business purposes.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	Some brownfield sites may have biodiversity interest. Other policies in the local plan will provide safeguards.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+ -	Proposals may help to conserve and improve traditional buildings safeguarding their contribution to the landscape. Supporting re-use of brownfield sites can help to enhance the landscape. The policy may, however, perpetuate some existing intrusive buildings in the landscape and could create some additional impacts from new external storage and extensions.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	-	Some existing sites and buildings will be in flood risk areas
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	Potential for some possible new emissions if intensity of use increases. Impact can be mitigated through good design. Consultation with/advice from relevant authorities on matter of noise and air quality can be sought and planning conditions applied as appropriate.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	Some brownfield sites will have below ground remains. Appropriate investigatory work can be undertaken to understand the presence and significance of any assets in line with policy AB1.

	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	-	Reusing traditional buildings should help with their conservation. Equally redevelopment may have an impact on some heritage assets. Policy AB1 and AB2-3 will help to inform proposal and minimise negative impacts.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N		The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective. Design matters will be considered in line with policy CP6.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	N		The policy will have minimal effect on the achievement of this objective. Policy focusses on the re-use of existing buildings and brownfield land for employment use. Indirectly, employment will support demand for housing.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+		Re-using buildings and sites will help to maintain demand for services.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+		Re-use of buildings and sites should help support employment and households living in the Park.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N		The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N		The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+		Reusing buildings will help to support re-use of existing resources and will limit production of building wastes.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	-	Possible saving in construction materials versus a less efficient building compared to new build.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N		The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N		The policy will have no discernible effect on the achievement of this objective.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+		The re-use of building and sites could support new opportunities within the tourism economy.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+		Conservation and reuse of existing buildings could support aspects of public enjoyment as they can often form an important part of the architectural and historical fabric of the National Park.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+		The re-use of buildings and sites could support response to changing visitor patterns.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	++		The policy will directly support the achievement of this objective by promoting land/space for new employment uses.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	-		Location of development will be determined by the location of existing historic buildings and brownfield sites. Some of these will be isolated from public transport routes.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	+		Development under this policy may provide opportunities to support this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+		Development under this policy may provide opportunities to support this objective.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	-	+	Will likely cause some localised landscape impacts which may be both positive and negative depending upon the nature of the site/building to be re-used.
SUMMARY: This policy will have mixed impacts on of the environmental objectives. The main positive effects relate to economic objectives.					

POLICY: E4 - High Street and Retail uses

AIM: To maintain, safeguard and diversify high streets as the main places where residents, local businesses and visitors shop and access services.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	N	This policy will have minimal effect on the achievement of this objective.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	~	No relationship or link.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	Changes/new uses on the high street and new retail uses away from the high street may create new emissions.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	Policy is predominantly concerned with existing buildings and so in this respect will not disturb below ground archaeology.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	By supporting new uses in the high street it should bring more resources in to help conserve listed buildings and the character of Conservation Areas.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	Policy seeks to protect and enhance the high street. New uses and new investment may support a high quality built environment if delivered in accordance with Policy CP6 (Design).
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	++	Support for first and second floor living on the high street could widen the supply of housing.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	++	This policy is intended to directly support this objective,
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	++	This policy is intended to directly support this objective by providing services and places for people to meet.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	Impact minimal but scope for some indirect positive effects.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	+	A vibrant high street will increase demand for mobile signals and broadband connections .
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+	Policy supports use of vacant space above shops and the re-use of high street premises for a range of uses.

Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	N	Minimal effect. Possible indirect benefits from more intensive use of the high street concentration of services in one place.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	A vibrant high street will support the visitor economy.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	A vibrant high street may increase the opportunity for understanding and enjoyment of the Park.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	A vibrant high street can adapt to changing visitor demands and this policy will help to support those changes.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	++	The policy will help to support delivery of this objective.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	++	High streets represent some of the best connected parts of the Plan area.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	The high street and retails uses provide opportunities for sale of farm produce.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	N	This policy will have minimal impact on the achievement of this objective, though vibrant high streets are important for communities and cultural heritage.
SUMMARY: This policy will have positive impacts on the social and economic objectives. Impact on environmental objectives are likely to be minimal given the policy focusses on existing high streets.				

POLICY: E5 – Safeguarding existing employment and tourism uses

AIM: To avoid the permanent loss of viable business and tourism uses where this would have a detrimental impact on employment, the rural economy or the public's enjoyment of the National Park.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.

	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	Policy will safeguard employment uses on sites which may perpetuate some harmful emissions. New, dark skies friendly lighting can be encouraged.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	Keeping buildings in their current use will tend to be more beneficial for conservation than adapting them.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	-	Policy seeks to protect employment sites for continue employment use. This means slightly fewer site options for residential conversion and the delivery of new homes.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	Maintaining employment uses should help maintain demand for services.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Maintaining employment should help support living working vibrant communities.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	+	Supporting existing employment uses should help to maintain communities and therefore support wider participation.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Maintaining existing land and buildings in employment use should provide opportunities for tourism businesses and help support the visitor economy.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+ -	Maintaining existing land and buildings in employment use should provide opportunities for tourism businesses and support the visitor economy, however it may slightly restrict alternative use as holiday accommodation.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	Maintaining existing land and buildings for employment and tourism uses should support the visitor economy.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	++	This policy will safeguard existing employment sites for continued employment and tourism uses. This will help to provide space for existing and new enterprises.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	Existing employment sites are likely to be connected to public transport and the main road network.

Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Existing employment sites may provide space for farm diversification businesses.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
SUMMARY: Policy will have a positive effect on a number of the social and economic objectives. As the policy deals with existing buildings with an established/recent business use, the impact on environmental objectives will generally be minimal.				

POLICY: E6 – Rural Estate Plans

AIM: To extend the options for suitable sustainable diversification of the rural economy and enable greater opportunity for rural estates to plan their medium and long term development needs within their own land holdings.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+	Impact is likely to be positive if policy/Rural Estate Plans join up development and management actions.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+ -	Potential for enhancement but also some localised impacts
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	+	Rural Estate Plans have the potential to safeguard and enhance geodiversity.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	Local knowledge of flood risk should help inform proposals within whole estate plans.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	There would be the potential for some localised impacts from development proposals with the Estate Plans. These would need to be considered further at the more detailed design stage for specific proposals.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	+ -	Potential for conservation but also some localised impacts. Would depend upon the nature and location of development proposals.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+ -	Potential for conservation but also some localised impacts Would depend upon the nature and location of development proposals.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	Design standards likely to be high given the long term perspective on development and land ownership
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	Estate planning should help widen the scope and opportunity for new housing
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	Rural Estate Plans can help to plan medium and long term development needs and are likely to support local services

	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Rural Estate Plans can help to plan medium and long term development needs and are likely to help create and maintain vibrant and inclusive communities.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+	Rural Estate Plans will consider existing assets and how they can best utilised. Estate management is likely to be beneficial to circular economy objectives.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	This may be a motivating factor for estate planning and a consideration within the development of an Estate Plan.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	Renewable energy generation may form part of Estate Plan considerations.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	Estate plans provide the opportunity to consider the impact of climate change and climate change mitigation measure across the estate.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Estate plans are likely to consider and support tourism activity.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Estate plans will consider visitor facilities. Estate development could help deliver aspects of land management and public enjoyment that would deliver objectives set out in the National Park Management Plan.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	Rural Estate Plans may consider the potential for development that will attract and / or respond to new markets.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	This policy will help to deliver this objective, as the scope of Rural Estate Plans will be likely to cover visitor development, employment and business uses and housing.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	Estate planning can help improve transport links and opportunities for sustainable travel.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	+	Estate planning will support this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Estate planning will support this objective.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	Estate plans will align with the National Park Management Plan objectives and so help to deliver this objective.
SUMMARY: This policy performs positively against a broad range of objectives as Estate Plans will be multi-faceted and consider a broad range of issues relating to the environment, the economy and community. The detail of these Plans will enable a more thorough understanding of likely impact.				

POLICY: E7 – Home Working

AIM: To support home working as part of a modern mixed economy

Sustainability Appraisal Framework	**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination

Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	N	This policy will have minimal impact on the achievement of this objective. Will indirectly help to safeguard but no enhance.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	There could be some additional, minor localised light and noise impact from home working in garden buildings. Lighting guidance can be provided.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	-	There is the potential for some localised impacts from adapting existing annexes to historic buildings and building new ones. Policy AB1 and CP6 will provide safeguards.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	- / +	This is likely to be variable depending upon the nature of the scheme. This policy will ensure proposals are of an appropriate size and scale. Design policy CP6 should help to achieve best quality design relevant to each scheme.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	Doesn't directly deliver new homes but may make existing properties adaptable to suit different needs of people living in / wishing to live in the Park
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	Home working will tend to support services within the Park.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Home working is more likely to be supportive of community vibrancy.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	+	Home working may raise participation and interest in local democracy as residents spend more time living and working in the National Park.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	+	Homeworkers are likely to demand good broadband (and mobile network signal) and get their property connected to high speed networks where possible.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+ / -	Home working will lead to a reduction in commuting but an increase in home deliveries and home energy use.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	Homeworking may raise interest in home renewable generation.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+ / -	Working from home may mean lower carbon emissions from reduced commuting but lower economies of scale through having to heat the property for longer.
	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Home working may support the tourism economy in a variety of ways either directly (people within the tourism sector working from home, commuting less, etc) or indirectly (people working from home in sectors serving the tourism industry).

Public Enjoyment & Understanding	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	The policy is likely to be supportive and responsive to changes in the tourism economy.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	++	Homeworking will support the local economy, potentially significantly in the context of the National Park which has the potential to use the quality of its natural environment and other assets to attract more home-based and remote workers. This can benefit the rural economy by increasing both local employment and the demand for local services in the National Park.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	N	Policy will have little impact on the location of development as it will be ancillary to existing dwellinga in a range of locations, Homeworking will reduce commuting overall but will also increase deliveries.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	+	Home working should support agricultural change.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Home working should support agricultural change and opportunities for diversification.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
SUMMARY: This policy deals with small scale development to facilitate homeworking. The effects on a wide range of objectives will be positive or minimal. Where there is potential for negative effects these are capable of mitigation.				

POLICY: E8 – New Build Live/Work Units

AIM: To permit opportunities for the sustainable development of mixed employment/residential use.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	Possible localised impacts if a former employment site has since been regenerated with important species.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+ -	Potential for enhancement on former employment sites but also potential for landscape impact from bespoke dual purpose buildings. Adherence with the Design policy (CP6) and National Park Design Guide should help to mitigate impact.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	+ -	Redevelopment of a former industrial sites for live/work units could help to clean them up and may reduce future emissions but there is also a risk of localised release from new uses.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	-	Possibility that some sites may be in flood risk areas. New development proposals on these sites would need to be considered in accordance with the Policy CP4 – Flood Risk.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	Live/work units have the potential to produce some localised emissions.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	Redevelopment/development of sites may affect below ground archaeology. Appropriate investigatory work can be undertaken to understand the presence and significance of any assets in line with policy AB1.

	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	-	+	Redevelopment of sites may affect heritage buildings and other structures though it may also include their re-use and conservation.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective, though any proposed development will need to consider Policy CP6.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+		This policy will help to achieve this objective.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+		The policy will help to support the achievement of this objective by increasing the number of households and the live/work units potentially offering services.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+		The policy will help to support the achievement of this objective by increasing the number of households and providing a variety of housing types.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N		Minimal impact likely, though people living and working in the National Park may participate in local governance.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	+		Live/work units are likely to require a high speed broadband connection and ae likely to pursue connections as part of the development.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective, though the live/work concept will reduce energy used in commuting.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective, although some businesses may support the visitor economy.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+		The policy will help to achieve this objective. Live/work units have the potential to attract new, low-impact, high-quality and skilled jobs and entrepreneurs.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	N		The policy will have minimal effect on this objective as units may be permitted in a variety of locations with varying levels of access to the transport network.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+		This policy may help to achieve this objective by supporting live/work units which house a farm diversification business.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
SUMMARY: This policy will have positive impacts of many of the social and economic objective by supporting the creation of place to live and work. There are some potential negative impacts on the environment but these are capable of mitigation.					

POLICY: E9 - Campsites

AIM: To increase the opportunity for affordable overnight stays in the National Park by improving existing campsites and supporting new facilities for tents and camper vans.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			Likely effect on the sustainability objective		Commentary - (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	+	There is the potential for some localised impacts, though the policy states that any recreational disturbance to designated habitats and species should be avoided or mitigated. Proposals will also need to demonstrate that they have incorporated designs, layouts and technologies that will improve a range of issues including biodiversity.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~		No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-		There is the potential for some localised impacts, though the policy states that the scale or the form of a new site should fit into the character and appearance of the local landscape without harm and where necessary a suitable planting scheme should be provided.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	+		Policy states that the intensity of any proposed use is appropriate to the infrastructure available including water supply and waste water treatment and discharge.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	-		There is the potential for some localised impacts, however the policy states that the intensity of any proposed use is appropriate to the infrastructure available including waste water treatment and discharge.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	-		Possible additional risk in flood prone areas, particularly adjacent to water courses or potential overground flow areas. Policy states that proposals that are otherwise acceptable in flood risk areas will be required to produce emergency evacuation plans.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-		Camping facilities have the potential to have some localised impacts. However, with regards to lighting, the policy states that schemes will comply with the relevant lighting standards set out in Policy L6 (dark skies), avoiding any net increase in light pollution and where possible secure a net reduction.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-		There is the potential for some localised impacts. Appropriate investigatory work can be undertaken to understand the presence and significance of any assets in line with policy AB1.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	-	Possible benefits if new uses are found for heritage buildings as part of the development. However also the potential for some negative impacts.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+		Policy includes some design considerations to support high quality development. Proposals will be considered in line with other design related policies, e.g. CP6: Design, Policy L6: Dark Night Skies.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+		Additional camping spaces are likely to create additional demand for local services which may in turn help to safeguard them.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.

	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+	Policy states that the infrastructure available, including waste collection, will need to be appropriate to support development.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	Policy states that proposals will need to demonstrate that they have incorporated designs, layouts and technologies that will deliver environmental benefits, such as energy saving measures, the use of renewable energy, etc.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	Possible opportunities for new renewable energy to be incorporated within proposals. This is encouraged within the policy.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N	The policy will have minimal impact on the achievement of this objective beyond encouraging energy saving measures, the use of renewable energy, etc.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	The policy will support the achievement of this objective. Camping can be a low impact way of enjoying the National Park.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	The policy will support the achievement of this objective. Having good quality campsites can help improve the National Park's overall tourism offer and make it accessible to a wider range of people and groups.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	The policy will support the achievement of this objective. Having good quality campsites can help improve the National Park's overall tourism offer and make it accessible to a wider range of people and groups.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	The policy will support the achievement of this objective by supporting new or existing camping enterprises and creating demand for local goods and services.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	There is the potential for this policy to benefit this objective.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Campsites can often provide opportunities for farm diversification.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	-	There is the potential for some localised impacts which this policy and others in the Local plan will seek to manage/mitigate.
SUMMARY: This policy has the potential for negative effects on some of the environmental objectives which should be capable of mitigation. Beneficial effects are likely to arise in relation to some of the economic objectives, and those relating to public enjoyment and understanding.				

POLICY: E10 – Touring Caravan Sites

AIM: To support the provision of touring caravan and motor home pitches on appropriate and screened sites.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	Potential for localised impacts, though policy states that any recreational disturbance to designated habitats and species should be avoided or mitigated.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	Likely localised impacts as caravans and motorhomes can be prominent in the landscape due to their appearance, The policy states that pitches should be well screen in the landscape at the time of application to mitigate landscape impact.

	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	+	Policy states that the intensity of any proposed use is appropriate to the infrastructure available including water supply and waste water treatment and discharge.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	-	There is the potential for some localised impacts, however the policy states that the intensity of any proposed use is appropriate to the infrastructure available including waste water treatment and discharge.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	-	Potential risk if located site is vulnerable to flooding or ground water flows.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	Potential for localised impacts. With regards to lighting, the policy states that schemes will comply with the relevant lighting standards set out in Policy L6 (dark skies), avoiding any net increase in light pollution and where possible secure a net reduction.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	There is the potential for some localised impacts. Appropriate investigatory work can be undertaken to understand the presence and significance of any assets in line with policy AB1.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+ -	Possible benefits if new uses are found for heritage buildings as part of the development. However also the potential for some negative impacts.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	Policy includes some design considerations regarding screening, etc. Proposals will be considered in line with other design related policies, e.g. CP6: Design, Policy L6: Dark Night Skies.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	Additional caravan sites are likely to create extra demand for local services which may in turn help to safeguard them.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+	Policy states that the infrastructure available, including waste collection, will need to be appropriate to support development.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	Policy states that proposals will need to demonstrate that they have incorporated designs, layouts and technologies that will deliver environmental benefits, such as energy saving measures, the use of renewable energy, etc.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	Possible opportunities for new renewable energy to be incorporated within proposals. This is encouraged within the policy.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N	The policy will have minimal impact on the achievement of this objective beyond encouraging energy saving measures, the use of renewable energy, etc.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	The policy will support the achievement of this objective. Caravanning can be a relatively low impact way of enjoying the National Park.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	The policy will support the achievement of this objective. Having a good variety of accommodation options improves the National Park's overall tourism offer and make it accessible to a wider range of people and groups.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	The policy will support the achievement of this objective. Having good quality caravan sites can help improve the National Park's overall tourism offer and make it accessible to a wider range of people and groups.

Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	The policy will support the achievement of this objective by supporting new or existing caravan sites and creating demand for local goods and services.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	There is the potential for this policy to benefit this objective. It is dependent upon location in relation to public transport, however there is a good chance of connections to the footpath network.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Caravan/campsites can often provide farm diversification opportunities.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	-	There is the potential for some localised impacts (impact on landscape, etc) which this policy and others in the Local Plan will seek to manage/mitigate.
SUMMARY: This policy has the potential for negative effects on some of the environmental objectives which should be capable of mitigation. Beneficial effects are likely to arise in relation to some of the economic objectives, and those relating to public enjoyment and understanding.				

POLICY: E11 – Sustainable Self-catering Visitor Accommodation

AIM: To expand and diversify the supply of sustainable, short stay, self-catering visitor accommodation that complements the distinctive landscape and will enable visitors to more fully enjoy the Park's Special Qualities.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	There is the potential for some localised impacts, though policy states that any recreational disturbance to designated habitats and species should be avoided or mitigated.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	There is the potential for some localised impacts, though the policy states that development will be permitted on well screen sites or in locations that do no cause adverse impact to the landscape subject to a range of additional criteria.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	+	Policy states that the intensity of any proposed use is appropriate to the infrastructure available including water supply and waste water treatment and discharge.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	-	There is the potential for some localised impacts, however the policy states that the intensity of any proposed use is appropriate to the infrastructure available including waste water treatment and discharge.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	-	Potential risk if located site is vulnerable to flooding or ground water flows. Policy CP4: Flood Risk will help to mitigate risk.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	Potential for localised impacts. With regards to lighting, the policy states that schemes will comply with the relevant lighting standards set out in Policy L6 (dark skies), avoiding any net increase in light pollution and where possible secure a net reduction.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	There is the potential for some localised impacts. Appropriate investigatory work can be undertaken to understand the presence and significance of any assets in line with policy AB1.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed	- +	Possible benefits if new uses are found for heritage buildings as part of the development. However also the potential for some negative impacts.

		buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.			
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	-	+	There is the potential for high quality designs but also risks too. Proposals will be guided by this policy and Policy C6: Design.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+		Additional caravan sites are likely to create extra demand for local services which may in turn help to safeguard them.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+		Policy states that the infrastructure available, including waste collection, will need to be appropriate to support development.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+		Policy states that proposals will need to demonstrate that they have incorporated designs, layouts and technologies that will deliver environmental benefits, such as energy saving measures, the use of renewable energy, etc.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+		Possible opportunities for new renewable energy to be incorporated within proposals. This is encouraged within the policy.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N		The policy will have minimal impact on the achievement of this objective beyond encouraging energy saving measures, the use of renewable energy, etc.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+		The policy will support the achievement of this objective. Sustainable self-catering accommodation can provide a relatively low impact way of enjoying the National Park.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+		The policy will support the achievement of this objective. Having a good variety of accommodation options improves the National Park's overall tourism offer and make it accessible to a wider range of people and groups.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+		The policy will support the achievement of this objective. Having a range of good quality self-catering accommodation can help improve the National Park's overall tourism offer and make it accessible to a wider range of people and groups.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+		The policy will support the achievement of this objective by supporting new or existing self-catering accommodation and creating demand for local goods and services.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+		There is the potential for this policy to benefit this objective. It is dependent upon location in relation to public transport, however there is a good chance of connections to the footpath network.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N		This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+		Sustainable self-catering accommodation such as shepherd's huts, camping pods, etc, can often provide farm diversification opportunities.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	-		There is the potential for some localised impacts (impact on landscape, etc) which this policy and others in the Local Plan will seek to manage/mitigate.
SUMMARY: This policy has the potential for negative effects on some of the environmental objectives which should be capable of mitigation. Beneficial effects are likely to arise in relation to some of the economic objectives, and those relating to public enjoyment and understanding.					

APPENDIX 6

POLICY: E12 – Visitor Infrastructure

AIM: To support the development of infrastructure that will improve the visitor experience of the special qualities of the National Park

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	Potential for some localised impacts from new facilities. Impacts will need to be weighed against benefits and planning conditions used to mitigate potential impacts where appropriate. The policy does state that is will not permit development which risks significant disturbance to the qualities of the National Park.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	Potential for some localised impacts from new facilities. Impacts will need to be weighed against benefits and planning conditions used to mitigate potential impacts where appropriate. The policy does state that is will not permit development which risks significant disturbance to the qualities of the National Park.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	+	This policy should support this objective. Development will be permitted that utilises the areas natural resources in a sustainable way and in line with the Sandford Principle. Development which creates significant disturbance to the qualities of the Park will not be permitted.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	-	Policy supports new visitor facilities which may support increase visitor numbers, (e.g. additional car parks, toilet facilities, etc). This could increase the risk of pollution incidents.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	-	Potential for some localised impacts. Policy CP4: Flood Risk will help to manage and mitigate risk.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	Localised impacts are possible, however policy states that development that cannot be adequately managed and which risks creating significant disturbance to the qualities of the Park, including areas of tranquillity, dark skies or the enjoyment of other users, will not be permitted. Good design and planning conditions can be used to mitigate impacts where appropriate.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	There is the potential for some localised impacts. Appropriate investigatory work can be undertaken to understand the presence and significance of any assets in line with policy AB1.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	This policy would support the conservation and re-use of buildings to provide new visitor facilities. Where facilities are within a Conservation Area or close to heritage assets policy AB1 will apply ensuring heritage assets are given proper consideration.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective, however any proposals will be considered in line with Policy CP6: Design
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	~	No relationship or link. This policy is focussed on visitor facilities
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	Improved access to National Park resources is likely to increase demand to local services, e.g. shops, pubs, etc.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	New visitor facilities will also improve access to the National Parks natural resources for local communities.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.

	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	+	Improved public access is likely to increase demand for broadband and mobile signals.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	-	Improved public access and infrastructure is likely to increase energy use.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	Possible opportunities for renewable energy as part of new visitor facilities.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	Likely to include measure to respond and adapt to the impact of climate change, e.g. more / better sustainable travel opportunities.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	++	The policy will support the achievement of this objective by providing appropriate facilities to help visitors enjoy the Park. New access, recreational and tourism facilities will generally be directed to areas of the Park best able to accommodate the activity.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	++	The policy will support the achievement of this objective by providing appropriate facilities to help visitors understand and enjoy the Park.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	This policy will support the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	This policy will support the achievement of this objective directly and indirectly by providing facilities to benefit current and future visitors – thereby helping to sustain and widen the potential customer base for business.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+	This policy will support the achievement of this objective.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	This policy will support the achievement of this objective.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+ / -	Whilst there is the potential for some negative impacts, policy states development will be permitted in line with the Sandford Principle which seeks to conserve and enhance the natural beauty, wildlife, and the cultural heritage of the National Parks in the first instance.
SUMMARY: This policy has the potential for negative effects on some of the environmental objectives which should be capable of mitigation. Beneficial effects are likely to arise in relation to some of the economic objectives, and those relating to public enjoyment and understanding given the policy is focussed on visitor infrastructure.				

POLICY: E13 – Visitor facilities

AIM: To encourage appropriate tourism-led development that will improve the year-round visitor experience in locations and ways that will not harm the special qualities of the National Park.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	Some localised impacts are possible, though proposals for new visitor facilities will be considered and weighed against a range of criteria within the policy including its impact on wildlife habitat.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.

	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	Localised impacts are possible. Policy directs development to locations that are likely to be most suitable to accommodate new facilities. Proposals will be considered and weighed against a range of criteria within the policy including impact on landscape character and National Park purposes.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	Minimal impact likely.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	+	Criteria within the policy will assess whether the proposals have the infrastructure necessary to service the proposal, and will consider the impact on environmental considerations such as waste water discharge.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	-	Localised impacts are possible from development, however this policy will consider waste water discharge of all proposals.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	-	Possible impacts if proposals are located within flood risk areas. Policy CP6: Flood risk will apply to help mitigate impacts/minimise risks.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	There is a potential for localised impacts, however, criteria within the policy will assess how the proposals impact on environmental considerations such as noise. Policy CP6: Design and Policy L6: Dark Night Skies consider quality of design and lighting, with a view to minimise adverse impacts.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	There is the potential for some localised impacts. Appropriate investigatory work can be undertaken to understand the presence and significance of any assets in line with policy AB1.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+ -	Localised positive or negative impacts on heritage structures possible. This policy would support the conservation and re-use of buildings to provide new visitor facilities. Where facilities are within a Conservation Area or close to heritage assets policy AB1 will apply ensuring heritage assets are given proper consideration.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	Proposals for new visitor facilities will be considered and weighed against the quality of design, amongst other criteria.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	This policy will support this objective, supporting facilities mainly aimed at visitors but which may also benefit residents. Visitor spending also supports a wide range of social and cultural amenities which benefit local residents
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	This policy could support this objective by providing new indoor and outdoor facilities for use by both visitors and residents. New facilities may also support new employment opportunities.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	+	This policy is likely to increase demand for broadband and mobile signals which may in turn benefit National Park households.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	-	Visitor facilities will generate more waste, however waste management strategies are well established across the National Park.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	-	Proposals are likely to require more energy. However, their sustainability and carbon emissions form part of the policy criteria considerations.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	The sustainability of new facilities and their carbon emissions form part of the criteria within this policy. This should encourage consideration of renewable energy generation.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	Criteria within the policy will assess how the proposals impact on environmental considerations including carbon emissions. Indoor facilities should provide some resilience to climate change for visitors to the Park and local residents.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	This policy will support this objective by providing more indoor weather resilient visitor facilities which will improve the year round visitor experience in locations and ways that will not harm the special qualities of the National Park.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	This policy will support this objective by providing more outdoor and indoor weather resilient visitor facilities which will improve the year round visitor experience in locations and ways that will not harm the special qualities of the National Park.

	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	This policy will support this objective by providing more outdoor and indoor weather resilient visitor facilities which will improve the year round visitor experience in locations and ways that will not harm the special qualities of the National Park.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	++	This policy will directly support this objective; supporting new businesses within the visitor economy.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+ -	Likely to be positive and negative outcomes in terms of sustainable travel, although the accessibility of proposals to visitors via footpaths, trails, access areas, cycling networks and their potential for access by public transport is one of the criteria against which proposals will be weighed against.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	This policy will support farm diversification opportunities to provide indoor and outdoor facilities in appropriate locations.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	-	Policy has potential for some localised impacts on the Park's special qualities. Criteria within the policy will assess how the proposals impact on National Park purposes having regard to the Sandford principle. This should help to minimise impact.
SUMMARY: Policy has the potential for negative effects against a number of the environmental objectives, however potential harm will be considered carefully in line with a range of criteria set out in the policy. Likely positive effects will occur in relation to some of the economic objectives and to enjoyment and understanding.				

POLICY: E14 – Bolton Abbey

AIM: To permit appropriate development between Barden and Bolton Bridges that will secure the future management of the concentration of heritage assets at Bolton Abbey.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	Potential for some negative impacts, however the policy will consider the cumulative impact of proposals upon wildlife habitats.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	Potential for some negative impacts, however the policy will consider the cumulative impact of proposals upon the landscape.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	-	Potential for some negative impacts, however the policy will consider the cumulative impact of proposals upon the landscape and water resources.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective. Policy AC1 will ensure that any new development has the appropriate infrastructure.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	-	Localised impacts are possible from increased development in the area. Policy AC1 will ensure that any new development has the appropriate infrastructure and Policy CP5: Sustainable Drainage will consider drainage plans, etc.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	The masterplan for the Core Visitor area has considered flood risk area when considering locations for new development. Proposals will need to demonstrate that they meet the requirements of Policy CP4: Flood Risk and Policy CP5: Sustainable Drainage to reduce the likelihood of downstream floodrisk.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	Localised impacts are possible. Policy CP6 Design and L6: Dark Night Skies will be important in trying to mitigate impacts.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	Potential for high local impact given historic importance of the area. Masterplan has been informed by a Heritage Capacity Assessment though further assessments will be required for specific development proposals.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed	- -	Potential for significant local impact given historic importance of the area. Proposals will ned to be considered in line with Policy AB1 and other relevant policies in the local plan to mitigate harm.

		buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.		
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	The Policy expects new development to be of a high quality design which will be subject to a Landscape and Visual Assessment. Proposals will also need to accord with Policy CP6: Design.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	The policy would allow for some new accommodation for staff on the Bolton Abbey Estate.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	The policy would support the delivery of new facilities and services which could benefit visitors and local residents.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	The policy would support new development (housing for Estate workers and services) in Bolton Abbey village.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	Minimal impact on this objective.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	Minimal impact on this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	-	Proposals in this policy will generate more waste, however waste disposal methods are well established in the area.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	N	Minimal impact on this objective, though proposals will be considered against Policy CP6 (Design) and CP7 (Energy requirements) which supports low carbon/energy efficient measures. Policy will consider sustainable travel connections linked to any proposals.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	Minimal impact on this objective, though proposals will be considered against Policy CP6 (Design) and CP7 (Energy requirements) which supports low carbon/energy efficient measures.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	N	Minimal impact on this objective, though proposals will be considered against Policy CP6 (Design) and CP7 (Energy requirements) which supports low carbon/energy efficient measures.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	This policy will support this objective by providing more indoor and outdoor visitor facilities and infrastructure which will improve the year round visitor experience Detailed development proposals must include an active travel plan for movement within the site and sustainable travel connections with its visitor markets. It may provide staff accommodation on site and new visitor accommodation.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Policy would achieve this objective for this part of the National Park.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	+	This policy will meet this objective for Bolton Abbey area of the National Park.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	The policy will support this objective by supporting new visitor accommodation and new visitor facilities.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	+ -	Potential for positive and negative impacts. Bolton Abbey is a 'honeypot' location and additional development has the potential to generate much more traffic into the area. To encourage greater sustainable travel opportunities development proposals must include an active travel plan for movement within the site and sustainable travel connections with its visitor markets, which could benefit existing as well as new visitors.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	N	Potential fpr minimal impact on this objective as the masterplan and new development would be focussed in the Core Visitor Area.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+ -	Policy has potential to conserve and enhance, but also to cause harm. Impact on landscape and the historic environment, the quality of design and sustainable access/visitor capacity will be key considerations. These matters will be considered as part of this and other policies within the Local Plan.

SUMMARY: Given that Bolton Abbey is rich heritage and natural assets, there is potential for negative effects on a number of the environmental objectives from new development proposals. These will need to be carefully considered. Conversely, the uses supported by this policy would have potential positive effects on a number of economic and social objectives including community, enjoyment and understanding and economy and employment.

POLICY: E15 – Staff Accommodation

AIM: To allow the development of staff accommodation for rural businesses where it can be demonstrated that there is an essential need to support its current and future operation.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	Potential for some localised impact on habitat depending upon the location of development.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	Potential for some localised impact. Some business location may be sensitive in landscape terms and so siting, landscaping and design will be important considerations in accordance with Policy CP6: Design.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	-	Localised impacts are possible from increased development in the area. Policy AC1 will ensure that any new development has the appropriate infrastructure and Policy CP5: Sustainable Drainage will consider drainage plans, etc.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	-	Possible impacts if proposals are located within flood risk areas. Policy CP4: Flood risk will apply to help mitigate impacts/minimise risks.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	There is a potential for localised impacts. Policy CP6: Design and Policy L6: Dark Night Skies consider quality of design and lighting, with a view to minimise adverse impacts.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	There is the potential for some localised impacts. Appropriate investigatory work can be undertaken to understand the presence and significance of any assets in line with policy AB1.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	-	Potential for some localised impact. Where proposals are within a Conservation Area or close to heritage assets policy AB1 will apply ensuring heritage assets are given proper consideration.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective. Policy C6: Design will deal with design matters relating to new staff accommodation.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	Policy would allow the development of housing for staff of a particular business where there are no reasonable alternatives
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	+	Providing staff accommodation where essential will support the sustainability of local businesses/services.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Policy provides housing to meet a specific need and will contribute to vibrant and sustainable mixed-use settlements and communities.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	Minimal likely effect overall, though new residents may increase participation in local governance.

	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	This policy is likely to have minimal impact on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+ -	Policy will result in more energy use on site, but potentially less travelling for staff. There is scope for energy efficiency measure to be integrated into new development in accordance with Policy CP6: Design.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	Policy will meet this objective in a small but positive way. Policy follows a sequential approach seeing to use existing buildings or houses prior to developing new accommodation which would be more resource intensive. Policy will reduce the need for staff travel and thereby lower emissions which contribute to climate change.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	The policy will support this objective where staff accommodation is being provided for a tourism related business. Accommodation will help to sustain the business and reduce staff commuting.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	There is some potential for the policy to support this objective depending upon the nature of the existing business which the accommodation is provided for.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	This policy is likely to have minimal impact on the achievement of this objective directly but may support it indirectly.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	The policy will support this objective by supporting the operation and viability of existing businesses. Policy may support staff recruitment and retention.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	N	Development will be linked to the location of the business more than the sustainable transport network but it should help to reduce traffic congestions and carbon emissions by negating the need to travel to work.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	This policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Policy has the potential to support farm diversification businesses.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	N	Effect will be minimal,
SUMMARY: This policy has the potential for some negative, localised impacts on a number of the environmental objectives. Positive effects could be achieve in relation to some of the social and economic objectives.				

LANDSCAPE

POLICY: L1 – Crushed Rock Quarrying

AIM: To achieve a progressive reduction in crushed rock quarrying in the National Park and specifically its impact on transportation and the environment.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+	The policy prevents development in undisturbed ground or the development of new crushed rock quarries. Any extensions in time, extraction area or depth within the boundary of an existing active quarry will need to demonstrate that the benefits of quarrying will outweigh the individual and cumulative negative impacts on landscape and the natural and historic environment. Through the negotiation of new planning permissions, the quarry operators will be expected to pay for biodiversity

				enhancements in their surrounding wildlife networks to offset the impact that their quarrying activities have on wildlife and habitat, during the remainder of their operational life. Policy NE1 provides guidance for development proposals that would have an effect on the integrity of a site designated under the Habitats Directive.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	– –	The policy does continue to permit extraction within existing quarried areas, which could still be large scale. The policy includes criteria which must be met (aimed at minimising impact and maximising benefits) in order for permission to be obtained
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	The main impact to the landscape has already taken place. However, new permissions provide opportunity for landscaping and screening proposals to be brought up to date and improved. Permitting extensions in time will delay the point at which natural regeneration and restoration can take place.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	-	Quarrying is likely to remove geodiversity although it can also expose new outcrops. Longer term, geological interpretation could be incorporated into future restoration schemes to help with public understanding of the site.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	-	Quarrying can challenge water quality and supply. Proposals for quarry deepening will need to demonstrate that they would not have an unacceptable impact on groundwater, surface water or water quality. Any proposal must demonstrate delivery of Water Framework Directive (WFD) and River Basin Management Plan (RBMP) objectives and actions. A scheme of implementing and monitoring mitigation measure can be agreed.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	-	Quarrying can challenge water quality and supply. Proposals for quarry deepening will need to demonstrate that they would not have an unacceptable impact on groundwater, surface water or water quality. Any proposal must demonstrate delivery of Water Framework Directive (WFD) and River Basin Management Plan (RBMP) objectives and actions.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	Policy will have minimal impact on the achievement of this objective.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	– –	Quarrying is noisy and generates light emissions and dust. Proposals for extensions will need to demonstrate how unavoidable impacts on the landscape and the natural environment will be mitigated. New proposals will need to show a suitable modern lighting scheme that will substantially reduce existing light emissions from the site, which will bring positive benefits.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	Policy will have minimal impact on the achievement of this objective as land is already disturbed. Extension into undisturbed land will not be permitted.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	N	Policy will have minimal impact on the achievement of this objective as land is already disturbed. Extension into undisturbed land will not be permitted. Any proposals for extensions will need to show how the environmental and economic benefits will outweigh the impact on the historic environment.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	-	Design of structures in and around the operation of quarrying are not likely to enhance its setting. Proposals for extension must however reduce visual impacts through landscaping and restoration.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	N	Policy will have minimal impact on the achievement of this objective beyond potentially providing building materials.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	N	Policy will have minimal impact on the achievement of this objective.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Quarries will provide jobs which will may help to support local communities
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	– –	Quarrying generates large amounts of waste inside the National Park.

Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	-	Quarrying and quarry products consume large amounts of energy, however policy seeks the use of renewable energy and energy saving technologies linked to any proposed extensions.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	+	Policy seeks to maximise carbon saving through the use of renewable energy where extension in time extraction area or depth are to be permitted.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+ -	Quarrying generates large amounts of carbon but also provides materials to increase resilience to the effects of climate change. This policy supports this objective by requesting that carbon savings are maximised through the use of renewable energy, water and energy saving technologies and the removal of unavoidable emissions through e.g. woodland planting and tree restoration schemes.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	-	Quarrying will tend to have a negative effect on tourism. Longer term, quarry restoration may provide new tourism opportunities either through nature conservation or new tourism business / recreational uses.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Quarry products are used to build paths and support public enjoyment. Longer term, quarry restoration may provide new tourism opportunities either through nature conservation or new tourism business / recreational uses
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective in the short-medium term. Longer term, quarry restoration may provide new tourism opportunities which respond to visitor demand.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	Quarrying provides money into the local economy and will support the local supply chain. Longer term quarries may provide suitable sites for new employment/business uses.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	-	Minerals are quarried where they are found. The quarries are however all capable of rail connection which reduces road traffic and carbon emissions compared to road haulage.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	~	No relationship or link.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	~	No relationship or link.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	-	Continued quarrying is likely to have some harmful impacts on the special qualities of the National Park, however the policy contains a range of criteria which seeks to mitigate negative impacts as far as possible.
SUMMARY: This policy, whilst seeking to achieve a progressive reduction in quarrying, will have negative/significant negative effects on many of the environmental objectives. Not all of these can be fully mitigated, but some will be time-limited linked to the lifespan of the quarry.				

POLICY: L2 – Building Stone

AIM: To increase supplies of locally sourced materials for use in new developments and the repair and maintenance of traditional buildings.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	-	Some minor disturbance is possible from the opening of former stone quarries. The acceptability of the environmental impacts of any proposals will be considered on a case by case basis. Policy NE1 provides guidance for development proposals that would have an effect on the integrity of a site designated under the Habitats Directive.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective. This policy specifically deals with small-scale quarrying.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	Some minor landscape change is likely from small scale quarrying, e.g. removal of vegetation and exposure of rock surfaces. The acceptability of the environmental impacts of any proposals will be considered on a case by case basis.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	+ -	Policy has potential positive or negative effects for geodiversity. Exposures could be enhanced and made more accessible. Equally rock will be removed and disturbed
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.

	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	-	There is the potential for localised impacts on water table, etc. The acceptability of the environmental impacts of any proposals will be considered on a case by case basis.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	Small scale quarries are likely to create localised noise and lighting impacts. The acceptability of the environmental impacts of any proposals will be considered on a case by case basis. Policy L6: Dark Night Skies will guide the appropriate use of lighting. Planning conditions can be used to control operating hours and the impact of noise disturbance throughout the day.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	Potential for disturbance of some below ground archaeology. Policy AB1: Archaeology will apply to planning applications that could affect archaeological heritage assets.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	Small scale quarrying of building stone and slate can support the repair and maintenance of stone / traditional buildings.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	Small scale quarrying of building stone and slate benefits local design and materials requirements.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	+	Additional stone supplies will support this objective by providing materials for new homes.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	+	Small scale quarries may bring localised economic benefits which will help to support community vitality.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	~	No relationship or link.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	~	No relationship or link.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	+ -	Small- scale quarries will provide locally generated supplies of stone which are a lasting resource with a very long future. Quarrying will generate waste and there is the potential for the stone to be exported elsewhere.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	-	Quarrying is energy intensive. Policy CP7: Energy requirements will be a consideration for any proposals.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	Policy will support the supply of local building stone which will generate less carbon than some alternatives.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Supplies of local stone may support tourism projects and development.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Supplies of local stone will support projects that will maintain some of the special qualities of the Park's built environment and so support this objective..
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	This policy will support the development of new small scale quarries which could be operated by new or existing businesses. Supplies of stone will help to support the local economy.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking,	-	Minerals are quarried where they are found. Working stone quarries are unlikely to improve sustainable transport or local air quality.

		minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.		
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	~	No relationship or link.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Possible source of farm diversification if minerals are found on the farm.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	Locally quarried stone and slate will provide a source of building materials which contribute to and maintain the distinctive, traditional architecture of the Dales.
SUMMARY: This policy will have some negative effects on environmental objectives though these should be capable of mitigate if such development was approved. The policy has positive effect on some of the social and economic objectives by providing employment and providing materials which can be used to maintain some of the special qualities of the Park, including its distinctive architecture.				

POLICY: L3 – Reworking Mineral Waste

AIM: To protect former mineral sites where they have become assimilated into the landscape or have archaeological or ecological value.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+	This policy includes a safeguard for important species and habitats. .
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	N	The policy restriction on reworking minerals is unlikely to make much difference to the overall rate of primary extraction. Effect on the sustainability objective will be minimal.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	This policy will prevent detrimental impacts on the landscape that could come from the re-working of mineral sites.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	+	This policy will safeguard geodiversity.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	+	This policy will make it less likely for detrimental impacts on water resources.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	+	This policy will make it less likely for detrimental impacts on water resources to occur from the reworking of mineral sites.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	This policy will tend to safeguard against light and noise emissions.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	+	This policy has this safeguard.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	This policy has this safeguard.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.

	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	~	No relationship or link.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	-	This policy makes it more difficult to reuse existing waste, but to do so would have could have other/wider environmental impacts.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	-	Reusing mineral waste may be a lower carbon way of producing resources, but to do so would have could have other/wider environmental impacts.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	-	Reusing mineral waste would constitute economic activity of possible benefit to the local economy
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	-	Reusing mineral waste could be a form of farm diversification, however it would have wider environmental implications.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	The policy will avoid harm, and therefore help to conserve the special qualities.
SUMMARY: This policy is very restrictive in nature and so the impact on most of the objectives will be positive or minimal.				

POLICY: L4 -The Open Upland

AIM: To protect the Special Qualities of tranquillity, remoteness, access and solitude which exist in the areas of open upland in the National Park.

APPENDIX 6

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+	Protecting open upland through this policy will help to achieve this objective.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	Protecting open upland through this policy will help to achieve this objective.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	+	Protecting open upland through this policy will help to achieve this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	+	Protecting open upland through this policy will help to achieve this objective.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	Policy will reduce the risk of downstream flooding by restricting development on the open upland.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	Protecting open upland will support this objective.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	+	Protecting open upland will support this objective.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	Protecting open upland will support this objective.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N	Policy will have minimal impact on the achievement of this objective as it predominantly restricts development. Any suitable proposals which may come forward must be carefully designed and sited to minimise intrusion and should confirm with Policy CP6: Design.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	-	This policy is a possible constraint on new masts in open landscapes.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	–	Protection of open upland is likely to make renewable energy development more restrictive.

	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	This policy seeks to protect open Uplands, Open Upland contain large areas of peatland which are important for preventing and mitigating the effects of climate change.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Protecting open upland will conserve a critical resource of importance to visitors and tourism
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	The policy will support the achievement of this objective.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	-	Policy has potentially negative impacts in terms of constraining possible economic development. Other policies within the plan seek to promote opportunities for enterprise in more sustainable locations.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	N	This policy restrict development in open upland. In general, open upland is not well served by public transport, though it will be crossed by footpaths and bridleways.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	–	Policy may provide possible constraints on certain types of diversification.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	Protecting open upland through this policy will help to achieve this objective.
SUMMARY: This policy restricts development in open upland areas in order to preserve their special qualities. As a result, it generally has positive effects on many of the environmental objectives. It may have negative effects on a small number of economic and community objectives because it will constrain certain types of development.				

POLICY: L5 – Mineral Safeguarding

AIM: To prevent the unnecessary sterilisation of mineral resources, in accordance with national policy

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective. The policy does not override national or international conservation designations.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	-	In theory the safeguarding of mineral areas is intended to facilitate future exploitation. However, the identification of a Mineral Safeguarding Area does not override the presumption against new aggregate quarrying that would have harmful impacts on nationally designated landscapes. **Mitigation:** Other policies within the Landscape chapter and elsewhere in the Local Plan will provide the relevant safeguards.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	-	In theory the safeguarding of mineral areas is intended to facilitate future exploitation. However, the identification of a Mineral Safeguarding Area does not override the presumption against new aggregate quarrying that would have harmful impacts on nationally designated landscapes.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	-	In theory the safeguarding of mineral areas is intended to facilitate future exploitation of minerals which would impact on the Park's geodiversity. However, the identification of a Mineral Safeguarding Area does not override the presumption against new aggregate quarrying that would have harmful impacts on nationally designated landscapes.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.

	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	-	In theory the safeguarding of mineral areas is intended to facilitate future exploitation of minerals which could impact water quality and increase the risk of pollution. However, the identification of a Mineral Safeguarding Area does not override the presumption against new aggregate quarrying that would have harmful impacts on nationally designated landscapes.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	-	In theory the safeguarding of mineral areas is intended to facilitate future exploitation of minerals which would increase the emission of light and noise. However, the identification of a Mineral Safeguarding Area does not override the presumption against new aggregate quarrying that would have harmful impacts on nationally designated landscapes.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	-	In theory the safeguarding of mineral areas is intended to facilitate future exploitation of minerals which would impact on below ground archaeology. However, the identification of a Mineral Safeguarding Area does not override the presumption against new aggregate quarrying that would have harmful impacts on nationally designated landscapes.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	-	In theory the safeguarding of mineral areas is intended to facilitate future exploitation of minerals which would impact on above ground archaeology. However, the identification of a Mineral Safeguarding Area does not override the presumption against new aggregate quarrying that would have harmful impacts on nationally designated landscapes.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	-	In theory the safeguarding of mineral areas is intended to facilitate future exploitation of minerals which would increase energy use. However, the identification of a Mineral Safeguarding Area does not override the presumption against new aggregate quarrying that would have harmful impacts on nationally designated landscapes.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	- +	Depending on end use future exploitation of minerals could generate carbon emissions or make new development more resilient to the effects of climate change.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	-	In theory the safeguarding of mineral areas is intended to facilitate future exploitation of minerals which could have a localised negative impact on tourism. However, the identification of a Mineral Safeguarding Area does not override the presumption against new aggregate quarrying that would have harmful impacts on nationally designated landscapes
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	-	In theory the safeguarding of mineral areas is intended to facilitate future exploitation of minerals which could have a localised negative impact on people's enjoyment of the National Park. However, the identification of a Mineral Safeguarding Area does not override the presumption against new aggregate quarrying that would have harmful impacts on nationally designated landscapes.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.

Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	+	-	In theory the safeguarding is intended to facilitate future exploitation but may also prevent short term economic development. The Local Plan identifies alternative sites where economic development opportunities can be realised in the shorter term (e.g. Policy E1).
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	-		This policy may restrict locations for new development which would otherwise help to achieve this objective.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N		Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+		Policy may support future opportunity for diversification.
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	-		In theory the safeguarding of mineral areas is intended to facilitate future exploitation of minerals which could have a detrimental impact on the National Park's special qualities. However, the identification of a Mineral Safeguarding Area does not override the presumption against new aggregate quarrying that would have harmful impacts on nationally designated landscapes.
SUMMARY: Policy seeks to prevent the unnecessary sterilisation of mineral resources by new development that would permanently prevent their extraction. Whilst extensive areas of the National Park have been identified for mineral safeguarding, this does not override the presumption against new aggregate quarrying or the avoidance of major development in nationally protected landscapes. Nor does it override national or international conservation designations. It is unlikely to affect most development proposals in the National Park. Were any minerals to be extracted they would be subject to other policy safeguards and relevant impact assessments to determine the risk of potential harm.					

POLICY: L6 – Dark Night Skies

AIM: To ensure that development reduces light pollution and conserves and enhances the qualities of the Dark Sky Reserve.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+	Species and habitats will generally benefit from conservation of dark skies
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	+	The policy will generally prevent large scale extraction which would generate light
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	The policy will tend to help safeguard the landscape and specifically the dark sky landscape
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	~	No relationship or link.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	~	No relationship or link.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	Minimal effect, though there may be a link between protecting dark skies and avoiding development in flood risk areas
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	The policy is intended to maintain and enhance the intrinsic quality of the Yorkshire Dales Dark Skies Reserve by restricting the use of external lighting and signposting to additional lighting guidelines. Impact upon air quality will be minimal.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	Effect will be minimal
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed	+	Protecting the night sky will tend to protect certain impacts on the character of heritage assets

		buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.		
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	Design will be improved with reference to a lighting plan
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	N	Minimal overall impact, housing schemes will need appropriate lighting and guidance is available,
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	N	Minimal overall effect, though may make access to services a bit more difficult requiring a change in behaviours
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	N	Minimal overall effect.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	~	No relationship or link.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	~	No relationship or link.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	~	No relationship or link.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	+	This policy is likely to have this outcome
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	N	Minimal overall effect
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	More efficient lighting will tend to reduce energy useage
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	- +	Restrictive lighting schemes will enhance special qualities but could also challenge some forms of tourism
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Directly contributes to the understanding purpose
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	-	Maintenance of dark environments may be challenging to some visitor sectors
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	-	Maintenance of dark skies may frustrate some economic developments though lighting guidance is available.
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	–	Dark skies may frustrate the optimum location for certain developments
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	N	Minimal effect
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	–	Dark skies may frustrate certain forms of agriculture diversification
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	+	This policy is designed to have this outcome
SUMMARY: This policy may frustrate some forms of development and so may have a negative impact on some economic objectives. It will have positive effects on environmental objectives and on protecting the special qualities of the National Park.				

APPENDIX 6

NATURAL ENVIRONMENT

POLICY: NE1 – Protecting Wildlife Sites, Species and Networks

AIM: To protect the most important habitats and species that are found in the National Park and to try to reverse the decline in biodiversity by establishing more resilient ecological networks.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	+ +	This is the main objective of this policy.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	N	This policy will not drive this objective but proposals which may impact habitats will be considered against this policy.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	This policy is likely to have a positive effect on this objective.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	+	Designated geodiversity sites will be protected by the is policy
Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	Overall impact will be minimal though there are some links between this objective and the ai of this policy.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	+	The effect of conserving large areas of designated land may be to conserve water quality and avoid pollution
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	N	This may be an indirect benefit - some habitats may help to reduce downstream flood risk
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	+	This may be an indirect benefit of this policy.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	+	This may be an indirect benefit of this policy.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	This may be an indirect benefit of this policy.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	N	Minimal effect.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	-	Protecting extensive areas of habitat may reduce opportunity for new housing
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	-	Protecting extensive areas of habitat may reduce opportunity for new services
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	N	Minimal direct effect, though nature is important for health and well-being.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	~	No relationship or link.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	-	Potential to prevent some infrastructure on sensitive sites.

Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	~	No relationship or link.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	~	No relationship or link.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	-	Protecting extensive areas of habitat may reduce opportunity for renewable energy development
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	Protection of existing habitat should conserve climate mitigation
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Protection of key habitat is likely to support sustainable tourism
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Protection of key habitat is likely to support visitor enjoyment
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	Minimal overall effect.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	-	Protection could reduce opportunity for economic development
Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	N	Minimal overall effect.
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	+ -	Opportunities for nature friendly farming but also possible restrictions on other types of agriculture
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	+	Opportunities for farm diversification based on eco-tourism
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	++	This policy shares this objective.
SUMMARY: Unsurprisingly this policy performs well against many of the environmental objectives by protecting habitats and the landscape of the park – both of which are special qualities. The policy may prevent development which it could harm habitats and so performs negatively against a few of the economic and social objectives.				

POLICY: NE2 – Protecting irreplaceable habitat, trees, hedgerows and walls

AIM: To protect irreplaceable habitat that also provide landscape features, biodiversity and historical value to the National Park.

Sustainability Appraisal Framework			**Likely effect on the sustainability objective**	**Commentary -** (including consideration of whether the effects will be: Direct/indirect; Term (short/medium/long), temporary or permanent; local or wider in geographical extent; cumulative and in combination
Biodiversity	1	Safeguard and enhance internationally, nationally and locally important species and habitats.	++	This policy will directly support the achievement of this objective by protecting irreplaceable habitat.
Landscape	2	Reduce large scale extraction of aggregate minerals.	~	No relationship or link.
	3	Prevent or remove detrimental impacts on the landscape and deliver landscape enhancement.	+	Policy will support this objective as conserving these features will help conserve the wider landscape.
	4	Safeguard and enhance geodiversity.	+	Policy will protect important habitat including limestone pavements,

Water	5	Promote sustainable water supplies and appropriate waste water treatment methods.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	6	Safeguard and enhance water quality through the reduction and prevention of pollution incidents.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	7	Prevent vulnerable development in flood risk areas and ensure appropriate land management and development that does not contribute to downstream flood risk.	+	The protection of trees and the conservation of peatland should help with flood risk by slowing rainwater run-off.
Pollution	8	Avoid harmful emissions of light and noise and maintain air quality across the National Park.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
Archaeology/ Built Heritage	9	Protect below ground archaeology and preserve nationally important remains.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	10	Conserve and enhance above ground archaeology including built heritage, listed buildings, conservation areas and Scheduled Ancient Monuments.	+	Conserving walls and other features will achieve this objective.
	11	Ensure a high quality of design that respects or enhances its setting.	+	Policy seeks to protect irreplaceable habitat, trees, hedgerows and walls where development threatens its loss. Protecting and integrating these features is likely to result in a better quality of development which fits better within the landscape.
Community	12	Facilitate a mix of housing types and tenures in order to ensure all have the opportunity to meet their housing needs in accommodation of adequate quality.	-	Conserving these features may prevent housing development on certain sites.
	13	Safeguard and improve access to services.	-	Conserving these features has the potential to clash with some proposals for new services.
	14	Contribute to the creation and maintenance of vibrant and inclusive communities.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective.
	15	Support a fair and representative system of governance, encouraging widespread participation and public involvement.	~	No relationship or link.
	16	Work to ensure that the maximum possible number of households have access to mobile signal and high speed broadband.	-	Conserving these features has the potential to clash with the siting of infrastructure to support better mobile signal and high speed broadband.
Waste	17	Support the movement towards a circular economy as well as appropriate waste management and disposal methods.	~	No relationship or link.
Climate Change & Energy	18	Support energy efficiency measures and a reduction in energy use.	~	No relationship or link.
	19	Support appropriate development of, and research into, renewable energy generation.	-	Conserving these features has the potential to conflict with otherwise suitable locations for renewable energy schemes.
	20	Take action to adapt to the changing climate, mitigate against further changes and increase resilience to climate change.	+	Conserving trees and woodlands will aid climate change resilience.
Public Enjoyment & Understanding	21	Support sustainable tourism.	+	Conserving these features, some of which form the special qualities of the Park should help maintain the attractiveness of the area to tourism
	22	Maintain and improve opportunities for the public to understand and enjoy the National Park.	+	Conserving these features, some of which form the special qualities of the Park should help maintain visitor understanding and enjoyment.
	23	Understand and respond to the changing patterns of visitors to the National Park.	N	Policy will have no discernible impact on the achievement of this objective, though visitors are increasingly ‘environmentally aware’.
Economy & Employment	24	Facilitate the growth and diversification of a resilient economy, through the development of existing and new enterprises.	-	Conserving these features is a possible obstacle to some economic development schemes on otherwise suitable sites.

Transport	25	Locate development so that it supports a sustainable transport network which encourages the use of public transport, cycling and walking, minimises traffic congestion, reduces carbon emissions and improves air quality.	-	Conserving these features is a possible obstacle to the efficient location of some development
Agriculture	26	Understand and respond to changes in agricultural policy and land management change.	-	Conserving these features is a possible obstacle to certain agricultural practices.
	27	Support appropriate agriculture, including opportunities for farm diversification.	-	Conserving these features is a possible obstacle to certain types of diversification
Special Qualities	28	Conserve and enhance the special qualities of the National Park.	++	Irreplaceable habitat features form some of the special qualities in the National Park. Conserving them will directly help to deliver this objective.
SUMMARY: This policy performs well against many of the environmental objectives by protecting irreplaceable habitats. The policy may prevent development in some locations and so performs negatively against several of the economic and social objectives.				